C 21619	(Pages : 2)	Name
		Reg. No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4 (3) C 05-ARCHAEOLOGY IN INDIA - II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Alexander Cunningham.
- 2. James Princep.
- 3. Indian Antiquary.
- 4. Davaram Sahini.
- 5. R.D. Baneriee.
- 6. Iravatham Mahadevan.
- 7. Robert Bruce Foote.
- 8. Keerhadi excavation.
- 9. J. Babington.
- 10. F. Fawcett.
- 11. B.K. Thapar.
- 12. Marayur paintings.
- 13. Pattanam excavation.
- 14. Anujan Achan.
- 15. Porkalam Excavation.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

C 21619

2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Write a note on Asiatic society of Bengal.
- 17. Who is Johnmarshal? What is his contributions?
- 18. Discuss the discovery of Harappan site.
- 19. Critically analyse Kodumanal excavation.
- 20. Evaluate the maritime tradition of Corramandal coast.
- 21. Explain the survey reports of Robert Sewell.
- 22. Historically explain the importance of Edakkal caves.
- 23. Write a note on Travancore Archaeological series.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Discuss the activities and contributions of Archaeological survey of India.
- 25. Critically evaluate the Debate on Indus script.
- 26. Explain the role of Mortimer wheeler in the excavation and explorations in India.
- 27. Analyse the excavations and explorations in Kerala in a historical perspectives.

C 21618	(Pages : 2)	Name

.,	ш,	•••	c	•	•••	•	•••	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•
_																																	

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4 (3) C 04-WEST ASIAN STUDIES - II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Yasser Arafat.
- 2. Intifad.
- 3. Zionism.
- 4. AL Fatah.
- 5. Haj Amin.
- 6. Ayatullah Khomeni.
- 7. Shah of Iran.
- 8. Iran Iraq war.
- 9. PLO.
- 10. Palestine question.
- 11. Camp Devid.
- 12. Zuess way.
- 13. OPEC.
- 14. Formation of Israel.
- 15. Mossad.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Analyse anti-Jewish rebellion.
- 17. Analyse the circumstances that lead to the partition of Palestine.
- 18. Evaluate the details of nationalisation of oil companies.
- 19. What is the importance of Muslim World lengue?
- 20. Analyse the role of Taliban in Afghanistan.
- 21. Discuss the fall of Saddam Hussein.
- 22. Sketch the Islamic revolution in Iran.
- 23. Analyse the causes and results of Gulf War of Kuwait.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Critically analyse Arab-Israel wars.
- 25. Discuss the circumstances behind the formation of OAPEC.
- 26. What is Arab spring? Explain.
- 27. Evaluate the impact of Gulf money on the society, economy, culture and History of Kerala.

~			_	
٠,	21	C 1	7	Λ

(Pages :	4)	
----------	----	--

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4 (3) C 03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN II
(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4 (3) C 03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	in Eng	land	ition w	as attempt to revive Catholicism
	(A)	James II's.	(B)	Robert Owens.
	(C)	John Russell's.	(D)	Charles II's.
2.	Gloriou Parlian		marke	ed the end of long struggle between the king and
	(A)	1688.	(B)	1693.
	(C)	1694.	(D)	1697.
3.		ort, the Glorious Revolution of — roduced the era of constitutionalis		closed the era of monarchical despotism
	(A)	1688.	(B)	1693.
	(C)	1694.	(D)	1697.
1.	Locke's'	Two Treatises of Government was	publis	shed in 1689 :
	(A)	John Löcke's.	(B)	William.
	(C)	Robert Filmer.	(D)	Elias Howe.
	(E)	Thomas Edison.		
5.		st shot fired in the American Revol- eard round the world".	ution v	vas on April 19, ———— and is called the
	(A)	1765.	(B)	1768.
	(C)	1772.	(D)	1775.
6.	Thomas to Ame		-	in London who told him he should move
	(A)	Elias Howe.	(B)	Richard Price.
1	(C)	Benjamin Franklin.	(D)	Thomas Edison.
7.		oclassical period ended in 1798 w	hen –	published the Romantic 'Lyrical
	Ballads			
	(A)	Edmund Cartwright.	(B)	Richard Price.
	(C)	Wordsworth.	(D)	Elias Howe.

Turn over

8.	In 1836	Cornish cabinet-maker —		- formed the London Working Men's Association.
	(A)	William Lovett.	(B)	Oliver Cromwell.
	(C)	William III.	(D)	Robert Peel.
9.	The Bil	l of Rights was enacted in ———		
	(A)	1689.	(B)	1692.
	(C)	1685.	(D)	1698.
10.				led her successor, George I Duke of Hannover to
		one of England.		
	(A)	1714.	(B)	1718.
	(C)	1724.	(D)	1734.
11.	The ph	rase Social Darwinism was first us	ed in -	
	(A)	1856.	(B)	1865.
	(C)	1882.	(D)	1887.
12.		justified the mass murd	er of t	he Jewish people during World War II as purging
	inferio	r genetics.	N	
	(A)	Adolf Hitler.	(B)	Stalin.
	(C)	Lenin.	(D)	Mussolini.
13.				critic of the Victorian era, also an art patron,
	draugh	ntsman, watercolourist, a prominen	t socia	al thinker and philanthropist.
	(A)	John Ruskin.	(B)	Tolstoy.
	(C)	George Eliot.	(D)	Dostoyevsky.
14.		of Ireland during much	of Qu	een Victoria's reign and remains one of the most
	popula	r British poets.		
	(A)	Alfred Tennyson.	(B)	Carlyle.
- 6	(C)	Ruskin.	(D)	Matthew Arnold.
15.	/-	was an English poet and	l play	wright whose mastery of the dramatic monologue
11.	made h	im one of the foremost Victorian po	ets.	
	(A)	Dante.	(B)	Robert Browning.
	(C)	Paracelsus.	(D)	Wordsworth.

16.		published 'Empedocles	on Et	na and Other Poems (1852) and 'Poems : A New
	Edition	n' (1853).		
	(A)	G. K. Chesterton.	(B)	Oscar Wilde.
	(C)	George Bernard Shaw.	(D)	Matthew Arnold.
17.		•	non at	the time, of hereditary privilege, religion, absolute,
	and the	e Divine Right of Kings.		
	(A)	Liberalism.	(B)	Capitalism.
	(C)	Communalism.	(D)	Communism.
18.				ne 19 th century is famous for his satirical works,
		llarly Vanity Fair, a panoramic por		
	(A)	A. C. Swinburne.	(B)	John Locke.
	(C)	William Makepeace Thackeray.	(D)	
19.	The ter	rm — refers to the	emerge	ence of a totalitarian government.
	(A)	NWO.	(B)	Commonwealth.
	(C)	Globalization.	(D)	Arya Samaj.
20.	The sy	mbol of the Commonwealth is	1/2	who is the Head of the Commonwealth.
	(A)	Queen Elizabeth II.	(B)	Warren Hastings.
	(C)	Jonathan Duncan.	(D)	Macaulay.
CHIN	1	IBRARY		

C 21617	(Pages : 2)	Name
		Reg. No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022 History

HIS 4 (3) C 03-SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN - II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. William Shakespeare.
- 2. Isaac Newton.
- 3. Oliver Cromwell.
- 4. William Blake.
- 5. White Man's burden.
- 6. Chartism.
- 7. Oxford movement.
- 8. Social Darwinism.
- BREXIT.
- . 10. European union.
 - 11. Fabian socialism.
- 12. Terrorism.
- 13. Feminism.
- 14. John Locke.
- 15. Marlowe.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

2 Section B (Paragraph Questions)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Explain what is orientalism.
- 17. Describe the details of utilitarianism.
- 18. Discuss the importance of Industrial Revolution.
- 19. Analyse the impacts of American War of Independence.
- 20. Sketch the meaning and details of Laissez Faire theory.
- 21. Evaluate the results of French revolution.
- 22. Write a note on civil war in England.
- 23. What is factory system? Discuss.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Discuss reformation in England.
- 25. What is glorious revolution? Why it is called 'Glorious'?
- 26. Evaluate the nature of Victorian society.
- 27. Analyse the concept of British commonwealth.

(Pages: 4)

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4 (3) C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-II

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4 (3) C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	What v	vas the meaning of Japanese term '	Kami	kaze"?
	(A)	Divine wave.	(B)	Holy wind.
	(C)	Divine wind.	(D)	Holy war.
2.	Which	country invaded China in 1938 as p	oart o	f a mass campaign of territorial expansion?
	(A)	Italy.	(B)	Japan.
	(C)	Germany.	(D)	The Soviet Union.
3.	Who w	as the author of united states decla	ration	n of independence :
	(A)	Thomas Jefferson.	(B)	George Washington.
	(C)	Abraham Lincon.	(D)	Benjamin franklin.
4.	The Cr	imean war fought between	- \	~
	(A)	China and Turkey.	(B)	China and Russia.
	(C)	Russia and China.	(D)	Russia and Turkey.
5.	In whic	ch year Hitler became the Chancell	or of	Germany ?
	(A)	1932.	(B)	1933.
	(C)	1944.	(D)	1945.
6.	Carbon	ari was a secret society organised i	n ?	
	(A)	France.	(B)	Italy.
	(C)	Germany.	(D)	Russia.
7.	For the	unification of Italy Germany did	ot wa	age war against
	(A)	France.	(B)	Denmark.
	(C)	Portugal.	(D)	Austria.

3 C 21616-A

8.	"League is verywell when sparrows shout but no good when eagles fall out who said			o good when eagles fall out who said?
	(A)	Woodrow Wilson.	(B)	Winston Churchill.
	(C)	Hitler.	(D)	Mussolini.
9.	The He	ead Quarters of league court was at	?	
	(A)	Hague.	(B)	Paris.
	(C)	Vienna.	(D)	Geneva.
10.	The lea	nder of Black shirts in Italy was?		
	(A)	Mussolini.	(B)	Hitler.
	(C)	Franco.	(D)	Lenin.
11.	Who w	as known as the Fuehrer ?		
	(A)	Hitler	(B)	Mussolini.
	(C)	Franco.	(D)	Lenin.
12.		thering storm was written by?		<u> </u>
	-	David Irving.	(B)	Winston Churchill.
		John Lukas.	(D)	Erich Fromm.
10		1 0		
13.	ine or	igin of Second world war was writte	n by	<i>:</i>
	(A)	AJP Taylor.	(B)	David Irving.
	(C)	Winston Churchill.	(D)	William Shirer.
14.	Rome -	Berlin axis was formed on ?		
	(A)	1933.	(B)	1934.
	(C)	1935.	(D)	1936.
15.	Who w	as the prime minister of England d	uring	the time of Second world war?
N	(A)	Clement Atlee B.	(B)	J. F. Kennedy.
	(C)	Winston Churchill.	(D)	Joseph Stalin.

16.	Bloody	Sunday in Russia was on ?		
	(A)	January 1903.	(B)	January 1904.
	(C)	January 1905.	(D)	January 1906.
17.	The Wa	rsaw pact was in the year :		January 1906. 1954.
	(A)	1952.	(B)	1954.
	(C)	1955.	(D)	1954. 1956.
18.	The Gr	eat cultural revolution in China wa	s intr	
	(A)	MaoTseTung.	(B)	Sanyat Sen.
	(C)	Chiang Kaishek.	(D)	Cho enlai.
19.	The Br	undtland Report relates to :		
	(A)	Globalisation.	(B)	Terrorism.
	(C)	Pollution.	(D)	Sustainable development.
20.	What is	the term of U N Secretary general	i: [] '	
	(A)	Five Year.	(B)	Six Year.
	(C)	Three Year.	(D)	Four Year.
CHN	+	IBRARY		

C 21616	(Pages : 2)	Name

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4 (3) C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500 II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Reg. No.....

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Cold war.
- 2. Marshall plan.
- 3. Warsaw pact.
- 4. NATO.
- 5. SEATO.
- 6. PLO.
- 7. Hamaz.
- 8. Nelson Mandela.
- 9. Appartheid.
- 10. Globalization.
- 11. Treaty of versailes.
- 12. Treaty of St. Germain.
- 13. General Tojo.
- 14. Yalta conference.
- 15. Dr. Sun Yat-sen.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Write a note on Leigue of Nation.
- 17. What is Fascism? Explain.
- 18. How far U.N. specialised agencies successful in their targets?
- 19. Critically analyse Arab-Israel relation.
- 20. Evaluate the details of Cold War.
- 21. Write a note of Chiyang Kaishak.
- 22. Discuss the Kuwait war of 1990.
- 23. Sketch the Iran-Iraq war of 1980.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Analyse in detail the nature and character of I World War.
- 25. Critically analyse the Russian Revolution of 1917.
- 26. Historically analyse causes and results of II World War.
- 27. Sketch the characteristics and policies of Peoples Republic of China.

~	01	01	_	•	
•:	2.1	hΙ	5_	А	

(Pages: 4)

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022 History

HIS 4 (3) C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)—II

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4 (3) C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) II (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

(B) Gokhale.

(D) Mohammed Ali Jinnah.

1. Who is the chief exponent of Two nation theory?

(A) Vivikananda.

(C) Motilal Nehru.

(C) Gandhiji.

2.	Moham	med Ali Jinnah was born in :		, 0,			
	(A)	Lahore.	(B)	Bombay.			
	(C)	Delhi.	(D)	Karachi.			
3.	The do	ctrine of Ramarajya was expounded	d by :				
	(A)	Tilak.	(B)	Gokhale.			
	(C)	Gandhiji.	(D)	Nehru.			
4.	Name	the important work of V. D. Savark	ar:				
	(A)	Princess.	(B)	Politics.			
	(C)	Freedom struggle.	(D)	Hindutva.			
5.	Who is	regarded as the pragmatic social re	eform	er?			
	(A)	Nehru.	(B)	Thilak.			
	(C)	Sree Narayana Guru.	(D)	Mahathma Gandhi.			
6.	Doctri	ne of Total Revolution was expound	led by	:			
	(A)	Jayaprakas Narayanan.	(B)	M. N. Roy.			
	(C)	Gandhiji.	(D)	Thilak.			
7.	7. A series of non-violence campaigns of Civil Disobedience Movement were launched by the Indian						
	Nation	al Congress under the leadership o	f —	 .			
	(A)	Mohammad Ali Jinnah.	(B)	Sri Aurabindo.			

(D) Mahatma Gandhi.

8.		-called on all Congressmen and In	dians	to maintain discipline via non-violence and Do o
	Die in o	rder to achieve ultimate freedom.		
	(A)	Mahatma Gandhi.	(B)	Motilal Nehru.
	(C)	Bal Gangadhar Tilak.	(D)	Sri Aurobindo.
9.	On 9th	of August, 1942, Mahatma Gandl	ni anc	the entire Congress Working Committee wer
	arreste	d in ———.		, G ¹
	(A)	UP.	(B)	Delhi.
	(C)	Ahmedabad.	(D)	Mumbai.
10.	During	the First World War, ——— join	ed th	e central powers against Britain.
	(A)	America.	(B)	Britain.
	(C)	France.	(D)	Turkey.
11.	The ma	in object of Khilafat Movement was	to for	ce the ——— Government to change its attitud
	toward	s Turkey and to restore the Sultan.	_ 1	ζ,
	(A)	British.	(B)	Austrian.
	(C)	American.	(D)	Serbian.
12.		— visited Malabar in 1921, giving a	furth	ner impetus to the Khilafat movement.
	(A)	Gandhiji.	(B)	Motilal Nehru.
	(C)	Bal Gangadhar Tilak.	(D)	Sri Aurobindo.
13.	The co	nstitution of India became fully ope	ration	nal with effect from 26 th January ———.
	(A)	1905.	(B)	1935.
	(C)	1947.	(D)	1950.
14.	Every	voter of years or above of a	age is	eligible to contest elections to the Lok Sabha.
	(A)	21.	(B)	23.
11.	(C)	24.	(D)	25.

15.	In Indi	a, "the Emergency" refers to a 21-n	nonth	period in 1975-77 when Prime Minister	
	unilaterally had an emergency declared across the country.				
	(A)	Indira Gandhi.	(B)	Jawaharlal Nehru.	
	(C)	Dr. B. K. Ambedkar.	(D)	Rajiv Gandhi.	
16.	Indira	Gandhi became the prime minister	in Jar	nuary ——— and then emerged victorious in the	
	1971 L	ok Sabha elections.			
	(A)	1906.	(B)	1916.	
	(C)	1956.	(D)	1966.	
17.	Ramna	th Goenka, the only newspaper o	wner	who stood up to, was harassed and he	
	faced a	series of troubles at the hands of l	ner go	vernment.	
	(A)	Indira Gandhi.	(B)	JP. George Fernandes.	
	(C)	AB Vajpayee.	(D)	L.K. Advani.	
18.	In the	Lok Sabha polls, Indira G	andhi	returned to power and remained in power till her	
	assassi	nation in 1984.	1		
	(A)	1908.	(B)	1940.	
	(C)	1970.	(D)	1980.	
19.		— is a specifically delineated duty-	free e	nclave and shall be deemed to be foreign territory	
	for the	purposes of trade operations and d	uties	and tariffs.	
	(A)	SEZ.	(B)	Liberalization.	
	(C)	Privatization.	(D)	Globalization.	
20.	soon af	ter becoming the Prime Minister of	India,	created a Ministry of Scientific Research	
	and Na	tural Resources and actively suppor	ted th	e atomic energy programme for peaceful purposes.	
"	(A)	Nehru.	(B)	Narasimha Rao.	
N,	(C)	Prof. P. M. S. Blackett.	(D)	Vajpayee.	

C 21615	(Pages : 2
<i>-</i> 21019	(Pages: 2

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4 (3) C 01-MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Michael O' Dwyer.
- 2. Bardoli
- 3. Chauri Chaura.
- 4. Swarq'ya party.
- 5. Purna Swaraj.
- 6. Dandi March.
- 7. Champaran.
- 8. Salt Sathyagraha.
- 9. Bhagat Singh.
- 10. Poona Pact.
- 11. Hindswaraj
- 12. Tagore.
- 13. 1935 Act.
- 14. Internal emergency in India.
- 15. Narasimha Rao.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

C 21615

2 Section B (Paragraph Questions)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. What is Rowlat Act?
- 17. Explain Non-co-operation movement.
- 18. Describe what is Khilafat movement.
- 19. Write a note on Jallianwala Bagh Massacre.
- 20. Sketch the details of Montagu-Chelmsford reform.
- 21. Analyse the circumstances that led to the formation of Congress Socialist Party (CSP).
- 22. Write a note on All India Kisan Sabha.
- 23. Critically evaluate the rise of communalism in India.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Historically analyse the role of 'Quit India Movement' in India's struggle for Independence.
- 25. Write an essay on Subhash Chandra Bose and INA.
- 26. Discuss the major features of liberalisation, privatisation and globalisation.
- 27. Critically evaluate the constructive programmes of Gandhiji.

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4B 20-GENDER STUDIES

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer at least ten questions.
Each question carries 3 marks.
All questions can be attended.
Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Sexual violence.
- 2. Masculinity.
- 3. Gerda Lerner.
- 4. Gender discrimination.
- Eco-feminism.
- 6. Judith Butler.
- 7. Women images in Indus Seals.
- 8. Brahmnical Patriarchy.
- 9. Women in Jainism
- 10. Indian Penal Code.
- 11. Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition Act) 1986.
- 12. Queer Theory.
- Coming Out.
- Queerala.
- 15. SGMFK.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Turn over

2 C 21614

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Gender as social construction. Explain
- 17. Write an essay on dalit feminism.
- 18. Discuss the role of women in technology and tool making in the proto historic period.
- 19. Examine the social life of the women's in Mughals court.
- 20. Describe the features of Dowry Prohibition Act of 1961.
- 21. Write an essay on heterosexuality.
- 22. Describe the activities of the various organizations of sexual minorities.
- 23. Critically examine the development of women literacy in India.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Trace the origin and concept of feminism.
- 25. Critically examine the gender order in Brahminical Patriarchy.
- 26. Describe the Islamic law and women in the medieval period.
- 27. Discuss the changing concept of family and marriage in the present time.

$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$	21	C1	9	٨

(Pa		41

Name

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4B 06-INDIAN HISTORY-2

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

C 21613-A

HIS 4B 06-INDIAN HISTORY-2

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	. The famous paper entitled "Was There Feudalism in Indian History ? belongs to :						
	(A)	B N S Yadava.	(B)	D. C. Sircar.			
	(C)	Harbans Mukhia.	(D)	D.N. Jha.			
2.	What i	s Samanta system ?					
	(A)	A system of taxation.	(B)	A political system based on hierarchy of vassals.			
	(C)	A system of measuring land.	(D)	A system of coinage in medieval India.			
3.	Who w	vas the first Sultan to pay soldiers i	n cas	h instead of through iqtas ?			
	(A)	Iltutmish.	(B)	Balban.			
	(C)	Muhammad Tughluq.	(D)	Ala-ud-din Khalji.			
1.	Who w	as a shahna ?		23			
	(A)	Military commander.	(B)	Spy.			
	(C)	District head.	(D)	Market superintendent.			
5.	Who w	ere barids ?					
	(A)	Secret agents.	(B)	Military chiefs.			
	(C)	Revenue collectors.	(D)	Elite guards.			
3.	Under	whose reign did diwan-i-arz becom	e a se	parate department ?			
	(A)	Iltutmish.	(B)	Ala-ud-din Khalji.			
	(C)	Muhammad Tughluq.	(D)	Balban.			
7.	Who wa	as known as 'Lakh Baksh' ?					
	(A)	Aibak.	(B)	Iltutmish.			
6	(C)	Balban.	(D)	Raziya.			
J	1/2						

			.,	
8.	What v	vas khidamati ?		
	(A)	One-fifth of the spoils of wars.		
	(B)	A tax on purchase and sale of com	modi	Lies.
	(C)	A tribute realised from the subjug	ated	Indian chiefs.
	(D)	A house tax demanded from the I	lindu	s.
9.	The Hi	ndu ruler of Sind who was defeated	d and	deposed by the Arab invaders was :
	(A)	Jaisingha.	(B)	Jayachandra.
	(C)	Dahar.	(D)	Bhima.
10.	Who w	vas the court poet of Mahmud of G	hazni	and author of Shah Namah?
	(A)	Al-Beruni.	(B)	Ibn Battutah.
	(C)	Maulana Khwajagi.	(D)	Firdausi.
11.			the c	otton textile industry were introduced in India by
	the Tu		. 1	C ,
		inning jenny	N	*
	•	inning wheel		
	(iii) W	ater frame		
	(iv) Co	tton-carder's bow		
	(v) W	eaver's treadles		
12.	Which	of the following constituted the tax	-colle	cting officials ?
	(i) Ra	uis 2		
	(ii) KI	nuts		
	(iii) Cl	naudharis		
	(iv) M	uqaddams		
	Choose	the answer from the codes below :		
Y_{II}	(A)	i and ii.	(B)	ii and iii.
	(C)	i, ii and iii	(D)	ii, iii and iv.

13.	When	was the Bahmani kingdom founded	1?	
	(A)	1325.	(B)	1437.
	(C)	1347.	(D)	1341.
14.	What v	vas the largest administrative divis	ion in	Vijayanagar ?
	(A)	Kottam.	(B)	Nadu.
	(C)	Kurram.	(D)	Mandalam.
15.	Who w	rote Dasabodha ?		
	(A)	Kabir.	(B)	Nanak.
	(C)	Ramdas.	(D)	Tukaram.
16.	Who wi	rote Sur Sarawali ?		
	(A)	Mirabai.	(B)	Chaitanya.
	(C)	Tulsidas.	(D)	Surdas.
17.		ing to Abdur Razzaq, the pay of the	polic	emen of Vijayanagar was paid from the proceeds
	of:		. \ '	,
	(A)	Brothels.	(B)	Taxes on goods.
	(C)	Land revenue.	(D)	Wine shops.
18.	What is	s asthavana ?		
	(A)	Land revenue department.	(B)	A type of rice.
	(C)	One-third of the produce of land.	(D)	House tax.
19.	Which	revenue system among the followir	ıg is a	lso known as the bandobast system?
	(A)	Zabti.	(B)	Dahsala.
	(C)	Nasaq.	(D)	Kankut.
20.			g sat	i unless the widow herself, of her own free will,
N.	persiste	ently desired it?		
IJ,	(A)	Akbar.	(B)	Babur.
1	(C)	Humayun.	(D)	Jahangir.

C 21613 (Pages: 2) Name.....

D	NT -		

(India map to accompany)

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4B 06-INDIAN HISTORY-2

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. First Battle of Panipat.
- 2. Slave dynasty.
- 3. Balban.
- 4. MuhammedbinThuglaq's Transfer of Capital.
- 5. Krishna Devarayar.
- 6. Bahmani Kingdom.
- 7. Hampi.
- 8. Irfan Habib
- 9. SherShha.
- Jagirdari System.
- 11. Shivaji.
- 12. Kabir.
- Medieval trade in India.

2 C 21613

- 14. TajMahal.
- 15. Chishti Order.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Examine the features of Indian feudalism.
- 17. Describe the economic and military reforms of AlauddinKhalji
- 18. Discuss the welfare measures introduced by FirozshahThuglq.
- 19. Trace the causes of the Afghan conflicts and the formation of Sur dynasty.
- 20. Write an essay on the Raiput policy of the Mughals
- 21. Examine the land revenue policy of the Marathas.
- 22. Trace the growth and development of science and technology in the Mughal period.
- 23. Mark the following important trade centres of medieval India in the outline map provided.

Surat, Bengal, Masulipattanam, Muziris, Gujarat

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Critically evaluate the reforms of MuhammedbinThuglaq.
- 25. Examine the Deccan policy of Aurengazeb.
- 26. Describe nature of polity and cultural contributions of Vijayanagar Empire.
- 27. Write an essay on the Bhakthi movement in India.



\sim	~ -	~ •	^	•
	21	hΙ	7	А

(Pages: 4)

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4B 05-WORLD HISTORY-2

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4B 05-WORLD HISTORY-2

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	. Who was the first Christian emperor in Rome?						
	(A)	Constantine.	(B)	Neiro.			
	(C)	Deocletian.	(D)	Darious I.			
2.	When	did western Roman empire in the h	ad va	nished in ?			
	(A)	400 BC.	(B)	500 BC.			
	(C)	600 BC.	(D)	700 BC.			
3.	When	did Fall of the Roman empire in to	ok pla	ce?			
	(A)	1423 C.E.	(B)	1433 C.E.			
	(C)	1443 C.E.	(D)	1453 C.E.			
1.	Who w	as the greatest ruler of eastern Ron	nan ei	mpire?			
	(A)	Justinian.	(B)	Constantine.			
	(C)	Leo III.	(D)	Nero.			
5.	The M	uslim army defeated the Persian ar	my in	Siria in :			
	(A)	648 B.	(B)	636 B.C.			
	(C)	626 B.C.	(D)	656 B.C.			
3.	Who wa	as the Greatest ruler of the Macedo	nian	dynasty is ?			
	(A)	Luix IV.	(B)	Darious I.			
	(C)	Alexander.	(D)	Basil ii.			
7.	Who wi	rote the book City of God?					
	(A)	Heradotus.	(B)	St.Augustin.			
1	(C)	Pliny.	(D)	Thucidides.			
	1,						

8.	Which was the greatest religion of the world?					
	(A)	Hinduism.	(B)	Islam.		
	(C)	Buddhism	(D)	Christianity.		
9.	Who w	as the first Barbarian king of Italy	?	, 10		
	(A)	George Washington.	(B)	Roosevelt.		
	(C)	Theodoric the Great.	(D)	Peter the Great.		
10.	Africa	n Cape of Good hope was found in				
	(A)	1487 C.E.	(B)	1874 C.E.		
	(C)	1784 C.E.	(D)	1478 C.E.		
11.	When	did Prophet Mohammad left Mecca	?			
	(A)	266 C.E.	(B)	622 C.E.		
	(C)	254 C.E.	(D)	265 C.E.		
12.	When	did Prophet Mohammad along with	his fo	ollowers made a pilgrimage to Ka'aba?		
	(A)	628 C.E.	(B)	566 C.E.		
	(C)	623 C.E.	(D)	286 C.E.		
13.	When	did Prophet Mohammad died in ?				
	(A)	623 C.E.	(B)	632 C.E.		
	(C)	236 C.E.	(D)	326 C.E.		
14.	Who h	ad established independent power i	n Yen	nen ?		
	(A)	Diocletian.	(B)	Yasudi Shias.		
	(C)	Justinian	(D)	Belisarius.		
15.	Name	the Persian ruler who developed sys	tema	tised trend towards Feudalism :		
	(A)	Charles Martel.	(B)	Romulus IV.		
1	(C)	Charlemagne.	(D)	Zizam-ul-mulk.		
14						

16.	When o	did Muhammad of Qandahar led ar	n arm	y into Iran in ?
	(A)	1622 A.D.	(B)	1722 A.D.
	(C)	1822 A.D.	(D)	1272 A.D.
17.	Who w	as known as the Father of Modern	Surge	ery?
	(A)	Vanghbhata.	(B)	1272 A.D. ery ? Susrutha.
	(C)	Abu-al-Quasim.	(D)	
18.	Name t	the Ming ruler who captured Beijin	g:	4,0
	(A)	Justinian.	(B)	Belisarius.
	(C)	Charles Martel.	(D)	Taizu.
19.	Which	was believed to be the most effective	ve def	ensive against invasion in China?
	(A)	Great Wall of China.	(B)	Pyramid.
	(C)	Fahtehpursikri.	(D)	Pisa.
20.	When o	did the Macedonians captured Syri	a ?	
	(A)	968 C.E.	(B)	987 C.E.
	(C)	988 C.E.	(D)	989 C.E.
		10		
		2		
		DI		
		21		
		(b)		
	. \			
	Y-	Y		

21612	(Pages : 2)	Name

Reg.	No

(World map to accompany)

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4B 05-WORLD HISTORY-2

(2019 Admission onwards)

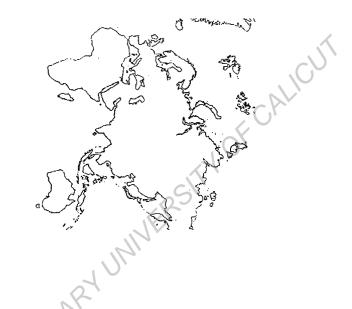
Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Odoacer.
- 2. Caxons.
- 3. Clergy.
- 4. Serfs.
- 5. Papacy.
- 6. Al-Khwarizmi.
- 7. William the Conqueror.
- 8. Calligraphy.
- 9. Hijira.
- 10. Black Death.
- 11. Silk Route.
- 12. Third Crusade.
- 13. Magna Carta.
- 14. Tang Dynasty.
- 15. Battle of Manzikert.



CHUNK TIP.

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Write a note on Justinian code.
- 17. Write an essay on the Abbasid Caliphate golden age.
- 18. Analyze the features of Iqta systems and changes in Agriculture.
- 19. Write a note on the rise of Christianity.
- 20. Describe the importance of naval expedition of Cheng Ho.
- 21. Explain the decline of feudalism.
- 22. Analyze the importance of medieval trade.
- 23. Mark important medieval towns in the outline map provided.

(Bergen, Siena, Bruges, Prague, Torun, Carcassonne, Nordlingen, and Toledo)

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Explain the Legacy Charlemagne.
- 25. Explain the origin and structure of Feudalism.
- Examine the Contribution of Arabs in the field of Mathematics, Astronomy, Alchemy, Optics and Medicine.
- 27. Discuss the different Crusades and its impact.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

(4	o	1	9	a	c

(Pages: 3)

Name.....

Reg.	No
------	----

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 3C 06 AND HIS 4C 06—HISTORY OF JOURNALISM : JOURNALISM IN KERALA AND JOURNALISM IN THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD

(2014-2018 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type)

Answer the following questions 1 to 12

Each question carries 1/2 mark.

- $1. \ \ Which was the first English newspaper published from Kerala~?$
 - (a) Travancore Herald.
- (b) Travancore Manual.

(c) Western Star.

- (d) Western Coast.
- 2. Who launched the publication called Yuktivadi?
 - (a) Moorkoth Kumaran.
- (b) C. K. Krishnan
- (c) C. V. Kunhuraman.
- (d) K. Ayyappan.
- 3. Which is the largest news agency in India?
 - (a) Press Trust of India.
- (b) HindusthanSamachar.
- (c) United News of India.
- (d) SamacharBharati.
- 4. Which newspaper carries the motto "All the News That's Fit to print"?
 - (a) The Guardian.

- (b) The Hindu.
- (c) The New York Times.
- (d) The Times of India.

Fill in the Blanks:

- 5. DTP stands for -----
- 6. Kerala Press Academy was established in -----

- 25. Give an account on the contributions of DevjiBhimji in the development of Malayalam journalism.
- 26. Evaluate the positive and negative journalistic trends in contemporary India.
- 27. Discuss the concept of freedom of press outlined in constitution of India.
- 28. Examine the contributions of major Indian news agencies.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essay)

Answer any two of the following. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Analyse the contributions of Malayalam press in the nationalist movement.
- 30. Evaluate the role of Christian missionaries in the development of journalism in Kerala.
- 31. Give an account onthe important international news agencies.
- 32. Examine the socio, political role of media in modern India.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

- 7. The largest journalist organisation in the non-aligned world is -----
- 8. is India's only multilingual news agency.

Match the following:

9. Kandathil Varghese Mappilai — Keralapatrika.

ChenglathuKunhirama Menon — Kerala Sanchari.

VengayilKunhiramanNayanar — Keraladarpanam.

12. K. Ramakrishna Pillai — Keralamitram.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Short Answer)

Answer any seven of the following. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Herman Gundart.
- 14. Malayali.
- 15. Moorkoth Kumaran.
- 16. Samadarshi.
- 17. Press Council of India.
- 18. Yellow Journalism.
- 19. Reuters.
- 20. First statutory Press Commission in India.
- 21. FM.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short Essay)

Answer any five of the following. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Trace out the evolution of print journalism in Kerala.
 - 23. Analyse the role of press in the development of communist movement in Kerala.
- 24. Assess the contributions of Kerala Press Academy.

(Pages: 3)

Name	······
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 3C 04 AND HIS 4C 04—WEST ASIAN STUDIES: WEST ASIA IN CRISIS AND CONTEMPORARY WEST ASIA

(2014-2018 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

Answers may be written either in English or in Malayalam.

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all questions.

Each question carries ½ mark

PART I

Bunch I

One Word or Phrase.

- 1. Name the king of Egypt who was overthrown by the July revolution of 1952.
- 2. The term 'Ba'athism' stands for :
- 3. The Camp David Agreement was signed in the year :
- 4. The Arab-Israeli war of 1973 is popularly known as :

Bunch II

Fill in the blanks.

- 5. The immediate cause of the Arab-Israeli war of 1956 was -----
- The Islamic resistant movement that sprang up in Palestine during the First Intifadah is

PART II

- 7. The last Shah of Iran was ----
- 8. The head quarters of the OAPEC is at

Bunch III

Match the following.

9. Taliban - 1990.

10. Nationalization of Iranian oil industry - Mohammed Omar.

11. Gulf war of Kuwait - Abdul Mohsen Al Turki.

12. World Muslim League - 1951.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any ten questions in 50 words. Each question carries 2 marks. 5 from Part I and 5 from Part II.

PART I

- 13. Free Officers movement of Egypt.
- 14. Fatah Party.
- 15. Six days War.
- 16. Intifadah.
- 17. Syrain-Lebanese Communist Party.
- 18. UNRWA.

PART II

- 19. Mohammed Mossadeg.
- 20. Operation Enduring Freedom.
- 21. GCC.
- 22. Shiism.
- 23. Taliban.
- 24. B. Ravi Pillai.

Section C (Short Essays)

Answer any six questions in 150 words.

Each question carries 5 marks.

3 from Part I and 3 from Part II.

PART I

- 25. Bring forth the causes of the Egyptian revolution of 1952.
- 26. Trace the circumstances that led to the formation of the P L O.
- 27. "The Suez crisis marked the end of the imperial influence of Britain in West Asia and witnessed the rise of the U S as a global super power". Do you agree with this statement? Give reasons.
- 28. Give an account of the Oslo Accords of 1993. How far it helped the creation of a Palestine state.

PART II

- 29. Discuss the role of the clergy in the Iranian revolution of 1979.
- 30. How far the first Gulf war influenced the economic condition of West Asia.
- 31. Highlight the influence of the Gulf money on the socio- economic realm of Kerala.
- 32. Bring forth the causes responsible for the downfall of Saddam Hussain.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essays)

Answer any two questions in 350 words.

Each question carries 12 marks.

1 from Part I and 1 from Part II.

PART I

- 33. Review the career and achievement of Jamal Abdul Nasser as president of Egypt.
- 34. Examine the role of the U. S in the Arab-Israeli peace process.

PART II

- 35. Discuss the growth of the Iranian oil industry after the Islamic revolution.
- 36. Summarise the relation between India and Palestine.

 $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Nam	e	 	 	
Reg.	No	 	 	

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS3C03 AND HIS4C03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN: HISTORY
OF REVOLUTIONS AND ERA OF COLONIALISM AND HISTORY OF VICTORIAN AND
POST COLONIAL DEVELOPMENTS

(2014-2018 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

C 21387-A

2 HIS3C03 AND HIS4C03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN : HISTORY OF REVOLUTIONS AND ERA OF COLONIALISM AND HISTORY OF VICTORIAN AND POST COLONIAL DEVELOPMENTS

		(Multiple Choice Ques	stions	for SDE Candidates)		
1.	$\label{thm:cause-behind} \mbox{The main cause behind the Glorious revolution was} $					
	(A)	James II's.	(B)	Robert Owens.		
	(C)	John Russell's.	(D)	Charles II's.		
2.	Gloriou	s Revolution of ——— marked t	he en	d of long struggle between the king and Parliament.		
	(A)	1688.	(B)	1693.		
	(C)	1694.	(D)	1697.		
3.		was born in 1709 in Lichfield	, Staff	ordshire.		
	(A)	Samuel Johnson.	(B)	Richard Price.		
	(C)	Edmund Cartwright.	(D)	Thomas Edison.		
4.		is author of the essay collection	n "Th	e Citizen of the World (1762).		
	(A)	Oliver Goldsmith.	(B)	Richard Price.		
	(C)	Mary Wollstonecraft.	(D)	Thomas Edison.		
5.	'A Tale	of Two Cities 'was a novel written	by —	 .		
	(A)	Charles Dickens.	(B)	Edmund Cartwright.		
	(C)	Alexander Graham Bell.	(D)	Thomas Edison.		
6.		811 until 1816, with the release of ad Emma, ———— achieved succ		e and Sensibility, Pride and Prejudice, Mansfield s a published writer.		
	(A)	Aristotle.	(B)	Jane Austen.		
. 1	(C)	Niccolò Machiavelli.	(D)	Jean Bodin.		
7.	Societie	Asiatique was formed in ————	- in 18	322.		
I_{Δ}	(A)	Paris.	(B)	Calcutta.		
*	(C)	Bombay.	(D)	Ceylon.		

8.		created the sewing machine in	1844	
	(A)	Elias Howe.	(B)	Isaac Singer.
	(C)	Alexander Graham Bell.	(D)	Thomas Edison.
9.	After th	ne English Civil War had establish	ed a p	rotectorate under ———.
	(A)	Robert Peel.	(B)	William III.
	(C)	Charles.	(D)	Oliver Cromwell.
10.	Jean-E	Baptiste Colbert, controller general	of fin	ance under King Louis XIV of ———.
	(A)	Britain.	(B)	France.
	(C)	China.	(D)	USA.
11.	Matthe	w Arnold is one of the great social	voices	of the ——— era.
	(A)	Victorian.	(B)	Tudor.
	(C)	Stuart.	(D)	Windsor.
12.		is a political philosophy or wor	ldviev	v founded on ideas of liberty and equality.
	(A)	Ćapitalism.	(B)	Liberalism.
	(C)	Communalism.	(D)	Communism.
13.			journ	alist, translator and one of the leading writers of
	the Vic	torian era.		
	(A)	George Eliot.	(B)	John Locke.
	(C)	A. C. Swinburne.	(D)	Thackeray.
14.		— is an intellectual and art move cial-political themes for literature,		supporting the emphasis of aesthetic values more
		(24)	(B)	
	4	Aestheticism.		Communism.
	1	Communalism.		n 1884.
15.	1	2		
V_{I}	(A)	Delhi.	(B)	Bagdad.
1.	(C)	Beijing.	(D)	London.

(A) Rabindranath Tagore's. (C) Lakshminath Bezbarua's. (B) Bankim Chandra's.

(D) Vishnu Shastri Chiplunkars.

20. — founded, Visva-Bharati University.

(B) Mrs Annie Besant.

(A) Rabindranath Tagore. (C) Mahadev Govind Ranade.

(D) Rousseau

C	21387	(Pages : 3)

Vame	

Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS3C03 AND HIS4C03-SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN : HISTORY OF REVOLUTIONS AND ERA OF COLONIALISM AND HISTORY OF VICTORIAN AND POST COLONIAL DEVELOPMENTS

(2014-2018 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

	Answer all questions.					
		Each questio	n carı	ries ½ mark.		
1.	Test A	ct was passed during the reign of :				
	(a)	James I.	(b)	Charles I.		
	(c)	James II.	(d)	Charles II.		
2.	Flying	Shuttle was invented by :	11	/		
	(a)	John Kay.	(b)	James Hargreaves.		
	(c)	Samuel Crompton.	(d)	Edmund Cartwright.		
3.	Headqu	arters of British Commonwealth S	ecreta	ariat is located at :		
	(a)	Manchester.	(b)	Liverpool.		
	(c)	London.	(d)	Paris.		
4.	Father	of Classical Liberalism :				
	(a)	Thomas Paine.	(b)	John Locke.		
	(c)	John Wesley.	(d)	William Wilber Force.		

Fill in the blanks:

5. Pride and Prejudice was written by ----

6. Enclosure Movement is associated with Revolution.

- 7. Labour Party was founded in the year
- 8. My Experiments with Truth is the autobiography of

Match the following:

Lord Byron – Vanity Faire.

10. James Mill - Animal Farm.

11. William Thackeray - History of British India.

12. George Orwell - The Vision of Judgement.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Short Answer)

2

Answer any seven questions in 50 words each.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Edmund Burke.
- 14. Jeremy Bentham.
- 15. Robert Owen.
- 16. Common Sense.
- 17. Adam Smith.
- 18. Charles Darwin.
- 19. Bertrand Russell.
- Globalization.
- 21. Mulkraj Anand

(7 × 2 = 14 marks)

Section C (Short Essay)

Answer any five questions in 150 words each.

Each question carries 6 marks.

- Bring out the impact of French Revolution in England.
- 23. Write a note on Orientalism.
- 24. Write a note on Gladstone and his Parliamentary Reforms.

- 25. Point out the significance of Oxford movement.
- 26. Explain the term De-Colonization.
- 27. Analyse the contributions of Raja Ram Mohan Roy.
- 28. Briefly explains the threats of Terrorism to mankind.

 $5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks}$

Part D (Essays)

Answer any two questions in 350 words each.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Trace out the emergence of Romantic revival in England.
- 30. How far the imperialist ideology helped for the consolidation of British Empire.
- 31. Critically examine impact of Second World War on Britain.
- 32. Analyse the main characteristics of Victorian society and upper class morality.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

-	 	
		6-A

11	D.	σes	4	١

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS 3C 02 AND HIS 4C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY: IMPERIALIST ONSLAUGHTS AND RESISTANCE MOVEMENTS AND NEO-COLONIALISM CHALLENGES AND RESISTANCE MOVEMENTS AND NEO-COLONIALISM CHALLENGES

(2014-2018 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

2 C 21386-A

HIS 3C 02 AND HIS 4C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY: IMPERIALIST ONSLAUGHTS AND RESISTANCE MOVEMENTS AND NEO-COLONIALISM CHALLENGES AND RESPONSES

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	In 1742		ccession war broke out ne of Austria.	t in Europe in connection with the succession of
	(A)	Maria Theresa.	(B)	Dupleix.
	(C)	Sir Thomas Roe.	(D)	Philip IV.
2.		views the r	evolt basically as a mut	iny in his book "The Sepoy Mutiny and the revolt
	of 1857	·".		
	(A)	R.C.Majumdar.	(B)	Karl Marx.
	(C)	M.N.Roy.	(D)	R.P.Dutt.
3.		— a retired I	English LC.S officer pl	ayed an important role in the Indian National
	Congre	ss formation.		
	(A)	W.C. Banerjee.	(B)	Man Mohan Gosh.
	(C)	A.O.Hume.	(D)	A.M. Bose.
4.	Mob vi 1922.	olence at Chauri	chaura in Gorakhpur	district of ———— took place on February
	(A)	Agra.	(B)	Kanpur.
	(C)	Oudh.	(D)	Burhampu.
	(E)	U.P.		
5.	Gandh	i-Irwin Pact was	on 5th March	 .
	(A)	1913.	(B)	1924.
	(C)	1928.	(D)	1931.
6.		— formed a p	arty called Tung-meng	Hui (Alliance Society).
14	(A)	Dr.SunYatson.	(B)	Yuan Shih-kai.
	(C)	Liang Ch'i-ch'ao	(D)	Bismarck.

٠.		—— the Frime Minister of France	(Kno	whas the riger of realice).
	(A)	Clemenceau.	(B)	Woodrow Wilson.
	(C)	Alexander Kerensky.	(D)	Leon Trotsky.
8.		lliant leadership and the moving stion in Russia.	spirit	of ——— was responsible for the October
	(A)	Lenin.	(B)	Alexander Kerensky.
	(C)	Leon Trotsky.	(D)	Stalin.
9.		s established in December — e, and the Transcaucasia Federatio		comprising a confederation of Russia, Belorussia,
	(A)	1922.	(B)	1926.
	(C)	1929.	(D)	1932.
10.			in Sin	nbirsk, Russia.
	(A)	Joseph Stalin.	(B)	Mao.
	(C)	Leon Trotsky.	(D)	Lenin.
11.	The co	mpetition between the Super Power	rs led	to the ———.
	(A)	Cold War.	(B)	Civil War.
	(C)	First World War.	(D)	Second World War.
12.		took the leadership of all the	Com	munist Countries.
	(A)	Soviet Russia.	(B)	Poland.
	(C)	India.	(D)	Germany.
13.	The Co	ld War came to an end with the co	llapse	of the Soviet Union in ———.
	(A)	1991.	(B)	1995.
	(C)	1998.	(D)	1999.
14.	United	States of America formed SEATO in		in order to reduce Soviet Russia's influence.
1	(A)	1954.	(B)	1957.
	(C)	1959.	(D)	1964.

15.	In 1955	America formed in M	liddle	East.
	(A)	MEDO.	(B)	SEATO.
	(C)	WARSAW PACT.	(D)	CENTO.
16.	The No	rth Atlantic Treaty was signed in V	Vashi	ngton on April 4 :
	(A)	1934.	(B)	1942.
	(C)	1949.	(I))	1951.
17.	SEATO) was dissolved on 30th June		after many members lost interest and withdrew.
	(A)	1947.	(B)	1957.
	(C)	1977.	(D)	1987.
18.		was the leader of the Soviet	Unior	n from 1929 to 1953.
	(A)	Joseph Stalin.	(B)	Harry Truman.
	(C)	Khrushchev.	(D)	Nixon.
19.	The Be		, was	s physical symbol of the political and emotional
	(A)	Germany.	(B)	Britain.
	(C)	France.	(D)	America.
20.	The Su	ez Canal was built by ———	- deve	loper Ferdinand de Lesseps.
	(A)	French.	(B)	British.
	(C)	American.	(D)	Egypt.
CHIN	1	IBRA		

Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS 3C 02 AND HIS 4C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY : IMPERIALIST ONSLAUGHTS AND RESISTANCE MOVEMENTS AND NEO COLONIALISM CHALLENGES AND RESPONSES

(2014-2018 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Section A

(b) Living space.

(d) Democracy.

		Atto			tions given below. ries ½ mark.
1.	Who w	as the Chancellor of	West Gerr	nany initia	ated Ostopolitik ?
	(a)	Henry Kissinger.		(b)	Willy Brandt.
	(c)	Egon Krenz.		(d)	Michael Gorbachev.
2.	With w	hich country FLN a	ssociated?		.2
	`(a)	Tanzania.		(b)	Algeria.
	(c)	Vietnam.		(d)	Cambodia.
3.	Which	country was the tar	get of 9/11	attack?	
	(a).	U.S.A.	. 1/	(b)	France.
	(c)	Canada.	\cup	(d)	Sweden.
4.	What v	vas called as post da	ted cheque	by Gandh	ni?
	(a)	Simon Commission		(b)	Cabinet Mission.
	(c)	Round table Confe	rence.	(d)	Cripps Mission.
5.	George	Clemenceau	_	Franc	e.
6.	Woodro	w Wilson		USA.	
7.	Lloyd C	eorge	_	Britai	in.
8.	Orland		_	Italy.	

Blitzkrieg means: (a) Lightening war.

(c) People's livelihood.

			2		C 21386
10.		coined the word Unit	ed Nations O	rganization.	
	(a)	Franklin D. Roosevelt.	(b)	Winston Churchill.	
	(c)	Ramsay Mac Donald.	(d)	Eisenhower.	
11.		is the headquarters of	of UNICEF.		10
	(a)	Geneva.	(b)	New York.	
	(c)	London.	(d)	Washington.	
12.	Trtoski	was the leader of			, ()'
	(a)	French Revolution.	(b)	Russian Revolution.	
	(c)	American Revolution.	(d)	Spanish revolution.	0,
					$(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$
			Section		
		Attempt any seven ques Each	tions given be question cari		50 words.
13.	White i	man's Burden.		23	
14.	Sun Ya	t Sen.	.<		
15.	Treaty	of Versailles 1919.			
16.	Storm 7	Troopers (SA).	-11/2		
17.	Allied p	oowers.	11/2.		
18.	Suez C	risis.) '		
19.	Truma	n Doctrine.			
20.	SEATO).			
21.	P.L.O.				
					$(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$
	Section C				

Attempt any five questions given below in not more than 150 words. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Multi National Companies.
- 23. Give an account of Taiping rebellion.
- 24. Evaluate Joseph Stalin as the ruler of Russia.
- 25. Discuss the causes of the rise of fascism and its development in Italy.

- 3
- 26. U.S occupation of Afghanistan after 9/11.
- 27. Examine the cultural impact of globalization.
- 28. Examine the factors that led Algerian independence in 1962.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D

Attempt any two questions given below in not more than 150 words.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Examine the weaknesses of league of nation and its failures in maintaining international peace.
- 30. Critically evaluate the features of Globalization.
- 31. Examine the role of Gandhi in the freedom struggle of India.
- 32. Cold war in Vietnam.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 3C 01 AND HIS 4C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY: INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT—GANDHIAN PHASE (1917—1947) AND SELECTED THEMES IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA

(2014-2018 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

C 21385-A

2

HIS 3C 01 AND HIS 4C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY: INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT—GANDHIAN PHASE (1917—1947) AND SELECTED THEMES IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	arreste		dhian	d the entire Congress Working Committee were
	(A)	UP.	(B)	Delhi.
	(C)	Ahmedabad.	(D)	Mumbai.
2.	The spe taluks	eed with which the Khilafat agitati in Malabar, created alarm in offici	on spro	ead, especially in the ———— and Valluvanad es.
	(A)	Eranad.	(B)	Tellicherry.
	(C)	Kannur.	(D)	Edapal.
3.			ent to a	a nationwide tour during which he addressed the
	Indians	in hundreds of meetings.		
	(A)	CR Das.	(B)	Motilal Nehru.
	(C)	Gandhi.	(D)	J.M. Sengupta.
4.		second Round Table Conference,	7.	was appointed as the representative of the
	Congre	ss, which was convened from 1st	Septen	iber to 1st December in the year 1931.
	(A)	Gandhiji.	(B)	B.R.Ambedkar.
	(C)	Annie Besant.	(D)	Maulana Azad.
5.	The La	hore Congress of 1929 was monu	mental	in the political career of ———— as well as
	the his	tory of India's freedom struggle.		
	(A)	Jawaharlal Nehru.	(B)	B.R.Ambedkar.
	(C)	K. Damodaran.	(D)	Mahatma Gandhi.
6.	4	became the president of the	e Harip	oura Indian National Congress against the wishes
. 1	of Gan	dhiji in 1938.		
	(A)	Subhas Chandra Bose.	(B)	Qutubuddin Ahmad.
7	(C)	Shamsuddin Hussain.	(D)	Maulana Shaukat Ali.

7.		Action Day hartal called by the Mu slavery and contemplated future o		League on 16th August to get rid of Hindu domination'.
	(A)	1926.	(B)	1935.
	(C)	1938.	(D)	1946.
8.	The ess	sential nature of God is described b	y Gar	ndhi by the phrase :
	(A)	Sarveswaran.	(B)	Svarupan.
	(C)	Satchidananda.	(D)	Iswara.
9.	The Gu	ajarati translation of the Unto this	Last	' is called :
	(A)	Harijan.	(B)	Sarvodya.
	(C)	Navajeevan.	(D)	Swadesi.
10.	Accord	ing to Gandhi 'service of the poor is	the:	
	(A)	Service of society.	(B)	Service of humanity.
	(C)	Service of God.	(D)	Service of the society.
11.		ts inauguration on 26th January— g the path and progress of India.		the Constitution India has been successfully
	(A)	1905.	(B)	1915.
	(C)	1930.	(D)	1950.
12.	The Co			nan the US Constitution which has only 7 Articles rticles.
	(A)	French.	(B)	Dutch.
	(C)	Pakistan.	(D)	Afghanistan.
13.	India h	nas an elected head of state (Pres years.	ident	of India) who wields power for a fixed term of
	(A)	2.	(B)	3.
	(C)	4.	(D)	5.
11 1	1.7			

14.		• •		was just 29 years old then, took chargeof the eaders and workers to jails across India.
	(A)	Nanaji Deshmukh's.	(B)	Morarji Desai's.
	(C)	Indira Gandhi's.	(I))	Subramanian Swamy's.
15.		er, ————— shocked everyboo g an end to draconian Emergency.		declaring Lok Sabha elections in January 1977
	(A)	Indira Gandhi.	(B)	Ramakrishna Hegde.
	(C)	H.D. Deve Gowda.	(D)	M.Karunanidhi.
16.			/linist	er and led the Janata Party government till 1980.
	(A)	Morarji Desai.	(B)	Lalu Prasad Yadav.
	(C)	Mulayam Singh Yadav.	(D)	Sharad Yadav.
17.	Nehru'	s economic policies have often been	consi	dered to be in nature.
	(A)	Socialist.	(B)	Communist.
	(C)	Capitalist.	(D)	Utopian Socialism.
18.	Since -	, the Indian economy h	as pur	sued free market liberalisation, greater openness
	in trad	e and increase investment in infras	tructu	are.
	(A)	1961.	(B)	1971.
	(C)	1981.	(D)	1991.
19.		rime objective of w tionally competitive and hassle free		enhance foreign investment and provide an ronment for exports.
	(A)	SEZ.	(B)	Land Grabbing.
	(C)	Liberalization.	(D)	Privatization.
20.				first Prime Minister was fully analyzed the e economic and the social independence.
	(A)	J.L. Nehru's.	(B)	Narasimha Rao.
1	(C)	Prof. P.M.S. Blackett.	(D)	Vajpayee.

$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$	0 1	385
٠,	<i>Z</i> I	കര

(Pages: 3)

•					
	Same	 	 	 	٠.

Reg	No		

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 3C 01 AND HIS 4C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY: INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT—GANDHIAN PHASE (1917—1947) AND SELECTED THEMES IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA

(2014-2018 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all twelve questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

Name the following:

- 1. Who was known as the lion of Punjabi?
- 2. Founder of the political party Forward Block.
- 3. Leader of Plachimada Struggle.
- 4. Author of 'India's Struggle for Independence'.

Fill in the blanks:

- Salt Satyagraha was held in the year ———.
- 6. was the founder of the Satyasodhak Samaj.
- In India, Emergency was declared in the year ———.
- 8. was the father of Green Revolution.

Match the following:

9. Khilafat Movement - Mahatma Gandhi.

Kheda Movement — Medha Patkar.

Chipco Movement — Shaukat Ali.

Narmada Bachao Andolan Movement — Sunderlal Bahuguna.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Short Answer)

Answer any seven questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Champaran Strike
- 14. Rowlatt Act.
- 15. Khilafat Movement
- 16. Do or Die.
- 17. Gitanjali.
- 18. Green Revolution.
- 19. Privatization.
- 20. Marad issue.
- 21. Mixed economy.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short Essays)

Answer any five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Give brief account of the Montague-Chelmsford Act of 1919.
- 23. Trace the various stages of the Civil Disobedience movement.
- 24. Write an essay on Dr. B. R. Ambedkar and his programmes for the eradication of untouchability.
- 25. Examine the main features of Indian constitution.
- 26. Critically examine the liberalization policy of Narasimha Rao,
- 27. Bring out the role of anti-land acquisition movements in India.
- 28. Discuss the causes of the Delhi Riots and its impacts on Indian politics.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essays)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Critically evaluate the constructive programmes of Mahatma Gandhi.
- 30. Assess the role of Subash Chandra Bose and his mission to the acceleration of Indian freedom struggle.
- 31. Trace the origin and development of dalits and adivasi uprisings in India.
- 32. Write an essay on the origin and development of communal politics in India.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$



C 21384 (Pages: 3) Name......

(India map to accompany)

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HYD 4B 04-HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA

(2014-2018 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all twelve questions.

Each question carries ½ marks.

Name the following:

- 1. Which Sultan introduced the Policy of Market Regulations?
- 2. Who started the construction of Qutb Minar ?
- 3. Author of Tuznk i Babari.
- 4. The capital city of the Pallavas.

Fill in the blanks:

- 5. ---- was the author of 'State and Culture in Medieval India'.
- 6. First battle of Tarain was fought in the year -----
- 7. ——— is the religious text of the Sikhs.
- 8. Hampi ruins are connected to empire.

Match the following:

9. Kesavan Veuthat - The Agrarian System of Mughal India: 1556-1707.

Burton Stein — The Mughals of India.

11. Irfan Habib - Political Structure of Early Medieval South India.

12. Harbas Mukhia -- Peasant State and Society in early Medieval South India.

 (12.8^{+1}) + 6 marks)

Turn over

2 Section B (Short Answer)

Answer any seven questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Ghorid invasion.
- 14. Ulemas.
- 15. Iqta system.
- 16. Mansabdari system.
- 17. Ashtapradhan.
- 18. Merabai.
- 19. Agra fort.
- 20. Mahabalipuram.
- 21. Gol Gumbuz.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Map Study-locate the following major Chola sites.

Each question carries 1 marks.

- 22. Taniore.
- 23. Nagapattinam.
- 24. Kanchipuram.
- 25. Vengai.
- 26. Uttaramerur.
- 27. Chidambaram.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Short Essays)

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

- 28. Give an account of the society and polity under the Vijayanagar Empire.
- 29. Critically examine the administrative policies of Mohammed bin Tuglaq.

- 30. Write an essay on the religious policy of Akbar.
- 31. Bring out the characteristic features of the Indo-Saracenic art.
- 32. What were the important causes of the disintegration Mughal Empire?
- 33. Trace the development of Sufism in India.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Section E (Essays)

3

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 34. Write an essay on the polity and society under the Sultanate period.
- 35. Trace the origin and development of Bhakti Movement in India.
- 36. Analyze the contributions of Mughals in the field of art and architecture.
- 37. Examine the characteristic features of the Chola administration.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$



(Pages : 4)

Nam	e	
Reg.	No	

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4B 06/HYD 4B 05-METHODOLOGY OF HISTORICAL WRITING

(2014-2018 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

C 21383-A

HIS 4B 06/HYD 4B 05-METHODOLOGY OF HISTORICAL WRITING

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	researc		epted	tool for primary data collection in marketing
	(A)	1930s.	(B)	1950s.
	(C)	1970s.	(D)	1990s.
2.	The ide	ea of progress is related to :		6,0
	(A)	Ranke.	(B)	R.G. Collingwood.
	(C)	E.H. Carr.	(D)	Vico.
3.	The stu	idy of ancient things is called:		
	(A)	Archaeology.	(B)	Epigraphy.
	(C)	Ethnography.	(D)	None of the above.
4.	Numisr	matics is the study of ————.	1	
	(A)	Coins.	(B)	Writings.
	(C)	Palaces.	(D)	Carvings.
5.	Notaph	nily is the study of ————.		
	(A)	Carvings.	(B)	Inscriptions.
	(C)	Paper money.	(D)	Stamps.
6.	Folk lo	re' the term coined by :		
	(A)	William James.	(B)	William Thomas.
	(C)	Federic William.	(D)	Maxmullar.
7.	Who la	unched modern scientific history?		
	(A)	Ranke.	(B)	J.B. Bury.
\mathbb{Z}	(C)	Toynbee.	(D)	Gibbon.
8.	The eye	witness accounts about past event	s are	called :
	(A)	Facts.	(B)	Preliminary sources.
	(C)	Secondary sources.	(D)	Oral sources.

9.	Heuris	tics is also called :		
	(A)	Internal criticism.	(B)	External criticism.
	(C)	Higher criticism.	(D)	Lower criticism.
10.	In histo	orical research, a primary source —		
	(A)	Consists of first hand accounts by	witne	esses to events.
	(B)	Can consist of sources that includ meeting, and photographs.	e orig	inal maps, diaries, transcripts of the minutes of a
	(C)	Both (A) and (B).		
	(D)	None of the above.		' O,
11.	Which	of these is not a method of data col	lectio	n?
	(A)	Questionnaires.	(B)	Interviews.
	(C)	Experiments.	(D)	Observations.
12.	Which	of the following is not a major meth	od of	data collection ?
	(A)	Questionnaires.	(B)	Focus groups.
	(C)	Correlation method.	(D)	Secondary data.
13.	Inform	ation acquired by experience or ex	perim	entation is called as :
	(A)	Empirical.	(B)	Scientific.
	(C)	Facts.	(D)	Scientific evidences.
14.	The rea	soning that uses general principle	to pre	dict specific results is called :
	(A)	Inductive.	(B)	Deductive.
	(C)	Both (A) and (B).	(D)	Hypothetic-deductive.
15.	All res	earch process starts with :		
	(A)	Hypothesis.		
N	(B)	Experiments to test hypothesis.		
IJ,	(C)	Observation.		
10	(D)	All of these.		

16.	Induct	tive reasoning is :		
	(A)	Data collection analysis method.	(B)	Theory data collection analysis method.
	(C)	Data collection method.	(D)	Both (A) and (B).
				, 10
17.				5 principles to which you should adhere. Which of
		owing is not one of those principles		CIV
	(A)	,	uestio	ns.
	(B)	Avoid double-barreled questions.		OX
	(C)	Avoid double negatives.		
		Avoid using multiple items to mea	sure a	a single construct.
18.	'Opera	citato' is the full form of	—	
	(A)			Op, cit.
		Loc. Cit.	(D)	All of the above.
19.	'Histor	ical Relativism' is emerged from wh	ich co	V
	(A)	France.	(B)	Ēngland.
		America.	(D)	Rome.
20.	Who w	as the author of the book "The Prin	ce" ?	
	(A)	Ibn khaldun.	(B)	Machiavelli.
	(C)	Descartes.	(D)	Spinoza.
,0	1	IBRA		
CK				

~	0.1	.38	9
٠,	21	കര	Ю

(Pages : 3)

Name.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4B 06/HYD 4B 05—METHODOLOGY OF HISTORICAL WRITING

(2014-2018 Admissions)

	4.1	
Time · Three Hours	Maximum : 80 Mar	ck

Section A

Answer the following questions one to twelve.

Each question carries 1 mark.

Objective type:

- 1. Who classified the sources into primary and secondary?
 - (a) Ranke.

(b) Thucydides.

(c) Herodotus.

- (d) J.B. Burry.
- 2. Oral History can be based on :
 - (a) Interviews.

(b) Stories and tales.

(c) Songs.

- (d) All of the above.
- 3. Which is the method to determine the authenticity of a source?
 - (a) Internal Criticism.

(b) External Criticism.

(c) Observation.

- (d) Experimentation.
- 4. The study of maps is known as:
 - (a) Toponymy.

(b) Cartography.

(c) Epigraphy.

(d) Notaphily.

Fill in the Blanks:

- 5. Epigraphy is the study of -----.
- A shortened form of a word is called ———

- 7. Copying another person's work without acknowledging is called ----
- 8. is the last part of a thesis.

Match the following:

E H Carr — The Practice of History.

G R Elton — What is History.

Carol Kammen — The New Nature of History.

12. Arthur Marwick -- On Doing Local History.

(12 × ½ = 6 marks)

Section B (Short Answer)

2

Answer any seven of the following. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Folklore
- 14. Numismatics
- 15. Hermeneutics
- 16. Generalisation
- 17. The Voice of the Past : Oral History
- 18. George R. Stewart.
- 19. Op.cit.
- 20. Cliometrics.
- 21. Inductive method.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short Essay)

Answer any five of the following. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Assess the importance of archivesin historical research.
- "Hypothesis is a research indicator"—Discuss.

- 24. Examine the criteria for the selection of a research problem.
- 25. Give an account on the methods of citations in historical research.
- 26. What is documentation? and explain its different methods.
- 27. Analyse the importance of appendix in establishing authenticity of a research work.
- 28. Explain the features of Micro History.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essay)

3

Answer any two of the following.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Analyse the importance of archaeological sources for the study of history.
- 30. Examine the methods of source criticism and explain its various practices.
- 31. "Oral history and local history provides alternative historical reading"—Discuss.
- 32. Explain the importance of bibliography in historical research.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

HIS 4B 05-HISTORY OF THE MEDIEVAL WORLD

(2014-2018 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

C 21382-A

HIS 4B 05-HISTORY OF THE MEDIEVAL WORLD

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	Which of the following modern countries was not part of the Byzanti	ne Empire	?
----	---	-----------	---

(A) Bulgaria.

(B) Egypt.

(C) France.

- (D) Germany.
- 2. What renowned church was built by Emperor Justinian in the sixth century?
 - (A) Canterbury Cathedral.
- (B) St. Sophia.

(C) Notre Dame.

- (D) St. Peter's Basilica.
- 3. Which one of the following is included in the rights of serfs?
 - (A) The right to work on certain land and pass the lands to their heirs.
 - (B) The right to move from one manor to another.
 - (C) The right to marry whomever they wanted to marry.
 - (D) All the above.
- 4. What is Chivalry?
 - (A) The code Charlemagne implemented.
 - (B) The code by which a Christian family lived.
 - (C) The code by which knights lived.
 - (D) The code by which young men lived.
- 5. How did monks and nuns improve life during the Middle Ages?
 - (A) They cared for the sick and poor.
 - (B) They opposed the feudal system.
 - (C) They gave land to the peasants.
 - (D) They excommunicated criminals.
- 6. The Black Death was caused by :
 - (A) Malnutrition.
 - (B) Lack of vaccines.
 - (C) A disease spread by rats.
 - (D) Wounds suffered during the Hundred Years War.

7.	Rulers	of Pre-Islamic Iran were called :		
	(A)	Qaiser.	(B)	Kisra.
	(C)	Shahan-shah.	(D)	None.
8.	The ott	oman dynasty fell in :		
	(A)	1857.	(B)	1926.
	(C)	1940.	(D)	1924.
9.	Al-Fire	lousi was the poet of :		
	(A)	Persia.	(B)	Asia.
	(C)	Africa.	(D)	America.
10.	Al-Qaı	nun - Fil tib was written by :		
	(A)	Almasudi.	(B)	Ibn-ishq.
	(C)	Al-yaqubi.	(D)	Ibn Sina.
11.	Consta	antinople fell into the hands of the M	luslin	ns in :
	(A)	1453.	(B)	1543.
	(C)	1354.	(D)	None of these.
12.	Mamu	n-ur-Rashid following ———	doctr	ines.
	(A)	Ismaili.	(B)	Ashari.
	(C)	Mutazilla.	(D)	None of these.
13.		was the Tutor of Haroon-ur-	Rash	id.
	(A)	Khalid Rarmaki.	(B)	Yahya Barmaki.
	(C)	Ghazali.	(D)	None of these.
14.	Ibn Kl	naldun was an :		
	(A)	Architect.	(B)	Historian.
. 7	(C)	Muhaddith.	(D)	None of these.

15. Umar khayyam is known for his work :

(A)	Shah nama.	(B)	Siyasat nama.
(C)	Ruba'iyyat.	(D)	None of these.
16. Why d	id some religious people want to re	form t	he Church during medieval times ?
(A)	It had grown too big.	(B)	It had grown weak.
(C)	It had grown corrupt.	(D)	It had grown too powerful.
17. The C	hurch had great power over people	during	the middle Ages because :
(A)	It protected them in times of war	are.	O_{χ}
(B)	It decided who could achieve salv	ation.	
(C)	It provided them with education.		
(D)	It controlled food production.		
18. Which	of the following was a result of the	plagu	e in Europe ?
(A)	' Economic decline.	(B)	The rebirth of Christianity.
(C)	Political reform.	(D)	The Hundred Years War.
19. When	was Constantinople captured by Ot	toman	s ?
(A)	1305.	(B)	1378.
(C)	1453.	(D)	1414.
20. Ulama	and qadis were important in Islam	ic soci	ety because they:
(A)	Developed public policies and hea	rd cas	es in accordance with the Quran and the sharia.
(B)	Were learned priests in the roles of	f mag	istrates and judges
(C)	Was part of the military arm of Isl	am, re	esponsible for its expansion ?
(D)	None of the above.		
	/		
1/1			
M_{II}			

(Pages : 4)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

(World map to accompany)

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2022

History

	n	istor	y			
HIS 4B 05—HISTORY OF THE MEDIEVAL WORLD						
	(201420	18 A	dmissions)			
Time : Three	Hours		Maximum : 80 Marks			
	Se	ction	A			
	Attempt all twelve	e que	stions given below.			
	Each questio	n car	ries ½ mark.			
1. Chiva	lry is associated with ———.		SI'			
(a)	Barons.	(b)	Lords.			
(c)	Kings.	(d)	Knights.			
2. Feuda	l society was characterized by	4.				
(a)	The rule of strong government.	\ `				
(b)	Increasing consolidation of power	by F	rankish kings.			
(c)	The absence of hostility between	neigh	boring fiefs.			
(d)	Hierarchical system of relationshi	p and	obligation.			
3. Serf is	—- N					
(a)	Slave.	(b)	Peasant tied to the land.			
(c)	Vassal.	(d)	Bourgeoisie.			
4. Who w	ere known as black monk ?					
(a)	Cistercians.	(b)	Carthusians.			
(c)	Franciscans.	(d)	Benedictine.			
5. Which	order was founded by Francis of As	sisi ?				
(a)	Dominicans.	(b)	Franciscans.			

(c) Benedictine. (d) Cluny.

Turn over

ь.	wnatc	ity was the capital of Byzantine em	pire :	?	
	(a)	Constantinople.	(b)	Cairo.	
	(c)	Bagdad.	(d)	Cordova.	- /
7.	Which	group conquered Constantinople in	1453	3?	ر
	(a)	Ottoman Turks.	(b)	Seljuk Turks.	
	(c)	Safavid.	(d)	Umayyad.	
8.	Name 1	the ruler who was memorialized in	the T	Thousand and One Night ?	
	(a)	Harun al Rashid.	(b)	Muwiyah.	
	(c)	Yazid.	(d)	Suleiman the Magnificent.	
9.	Which	Persian Scholar is known as Avinco	enna i	in Europe ?	
	(a)	Ibn Sina.	(b)	Al Farabi.	
	(c)	Averroes.	(d)	Al Biruni.	
10.	What w	as the capital of Umayyad?		73,	
	(a)	Damascus.	(b)	Cairo.	
	(c)	Qurasan.	(d)	Bagdad.	
1.	Who for	unded the Port of Bandar Abbas?	1	· ·	
	(a)	Shah Abbas.	(b)	Yazid.	
	(c)	Al Mansur.	(d)	Harunal Rashid.	
12.	Crusad	es were launched for ———.			
	(a)	Reform the medieval church.			
	(b)	Free Rome from Byzantine.			
	(c)	End of schism.			
	(d)	To keep the Holy land out of Musli	m cor	ntrol.	
				$(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$)
	1		tion	_	
- 1/2	V	Attempt any seven questions giv			
U	7,	Each question	carr	ies 2 marks.	

15. St. Benedict.16. Salahuddin Ayyoobi.

Section E

Attempt any two questions given below in not more than 350 words.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 34. Describe the features of Medieval Europe.
- 35. Examine the contributions of monasteries to Medieval Europe.
- 36. Describe the life in medieval urban centres.
- 37. Analyze the contributions of the Medieval Arabs.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

- 17. Tithe.
- 18. Concordat of Worms.
- 19. Pious Caliphate.
- 20. Orthodox Church.
- 21. Avicenna.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Trace out the important Medieval European towns in The World Map

- 22. London.
- 23. Avignon.
- 24. Cologne.
- 25. Frankfurt.
- 26. Bologna.
- 27. Venice.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ marks})$

Section D

Attempt any four questions given below in not more than 150 words.

Each question carries 6 marks.

- 28. Describe the impact of Crusades.
- 29. Suleiman the Magnificent.
- 30. Explain the background of the Rise of Byzantine Empire.
- 31. Critically evaluate the role of Umayyad Dynasty in building Islamic empire.
- 32. Describe the organization of medieval towns.
- 33. Examine the farming practices in the middle ages.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$

CHINATIBRARY UNIVERSITY OF CALICU

C 3636	(Pages : 2)	Name

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4(3) C06-HISTORY OF JOURNALISM-II

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Bengal Gazette.
- 3. St. Francis Xavier.
- 5. Dinabandhu Mitra.
- 7. Commonweal.
- 9. Yugantar.
- 11. United Press of India.
- 13. Al Ameen.
- Atmavidhyakahalam.

- 2. The Pioneer.
- 4. The Madras Courier.
- 6. Kasturi Ranga Iyengar.
- . Mahadev Desai.
- Lord Lytton.
- Velakkaran.
- Prabhatham.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Evaluate the attitude of English East India Company towards Indian press.
- 17. Assess the contributions of Rajaram Mohan Roy to the development of Indian press.
- 18. Discuss the impact of the Revolt of 1857 on Indian press.
- Give an account on the important press organisations and agencies in India.

- 20. Examine the emergence of radical press movement under Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
- 21. Analyse the contributions of press in the Gandhian movements.
- 22. Describe the journalistic career of Swadeshabhimani Ramakrishna Pillai.
- 23. Analyse the intervention of press in the social reform movement of Kerala.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Describe the development of press in Indian vernacular languages.
- 25. Critically examine the repressive measures of the British government towards the Indian press.
- 26. Discuss the role of Malayalam press in the Indian national movement.
- 27. Elucidate the contributions of press in the emergence of Indian nationalism.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

C 3635	(Pages : 2)	Name

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4 (3) C 05-ARCHAEOLOGY IN INDIA-II

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Asiatic Researches.
- 2. James Burgess.
- 3. Indian Antiquary.
- 4. Arecamedu excavation.
- 5. Asko Parpola.
- 6. Chief features of Harappa.
- 7. Extent of Harappan civilization
- 8. KUR. Todd.
- 9. R.D. Banarji.
- 10. Anujan Achan.
- 11. Pattanam Excavation.
- 12. Kodumanal excavation.
- 13. Ancient Monuments Preservation Act-1904.
- 14. Fawcett.
- 15. Cheraman parambu.

Section B

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Archaeological Survey of India.
- 17. Assess the contributions of John Marshall to Indian archaeology.
- 18. Discuss the views of Iravadam Mahadevan on Indus script.
- 19. Travancore Archaeological Series
- 20. Trace the progress of Indian epigraphy.
- 21. Why Robert Bruce Foote is called as the father of Indian pre-history?
- 22. Marayur paintings.
- 23. Mark the following archaeological sites in the outline map provided.

Pallavaram, Edakkal, Kodumanal, Keezhadi, Brahmagiri

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Answer any **two** question.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Assess the contribution of Alexander Cunningham to the history of India.
- ${\bf 25.} \quad {\bf Trace\ the\ various\ efforts\ through\ which\ the\ Harappan\ civilization\ was\ unearthed}.$
- 26. Analyse the early maritime and manufacturing traditions of the west coast of Kerala.
- 27. Discuss the historical significance of Keezhadi excavation.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Reg. No.....

Maximum

80 Marks

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4 (3) C04-WEST ASIAN STUDIES-II

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Zionism.
- 2. Al-Fatah.
- 3. Intifada.
- 4. Gulf Co-operation.
- 5. Faisal of Saudi Arabia.
- 6. Ayatollah Khomeini.
- 7. Iranian Oil Industry.
- 8. George Bush.
- 9. Operation Desert Storm
- 10. Hamid Karzai.
- 11. Palestine.
- 12. NORKA
- 13. Saddam Hussein.
- Arab Spring.
- 15. Judaism

2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Examine the significance of Balfour Declaration.
- 17. Describe the various causes of the partition of Palestine.
- 18. Discuss the process of the nationalization of oil companies in West Asia.
- 19. Write a short note on Muslim World League.
- 20. What were the important causes of Iran-Iraq War?
- 21. Trace the formation of Taliban movement in Afghanistan.
- 22. Describe the importance of US intervention in Gulf War.
- 23. Analyze the significance of Indo-Palestine relations.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Assess the role of Yasar Arafat in the Arab-Israel War.
- 25. Trace the history of the Islamic revolution in Iran.
- 26. Discuss the causes and consequences of the Gulf War.
- 27. Examine the impacts of Gulf money on Kerala society and culture.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

		3_	

(Pa		

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4 (3) CO3—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN—II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

C 3633-A

HIS 4 (3) CO3-SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN-II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	Throug	ame the king of England.			
	(A)	Charles II.	(B)	Robert Owen.	
	(C)	James-I.	(D)	James-II.	
2.	In	, a revo	olution without blood	Ished took place against James II's activities.	
	(A)	1688.	(B)	1693.	
	(C)	1694.	(D)	1697.	
3.				of Ecclesiastical Commission" like previous Hig punish the people, opposite to his religious doctrine	
	(A)		(B)		
	(C)	Elias Howe.	(D)	Thomas Edison.	
4.	Gloriou Parlian	us Revolution of —— nent.	marke	ed the end of long struggle between the king an	d
	(A)	1688.	(B)	1693.	
	(C)	1694.	(D)	1697.	
5.		is often re	garded as the founder	r of a school of thought known as British Empiricism	1.
	(A)	Robert Owen.	(B)	Elias Howe.	
	(C)	Thomas Edison.	(D)	John Locke.	
6.		——— most imį	ortant work is 'the F	Essay Concerning Human Understanding'.	
	(A)	Elias Howe's.	(B)	John Locke's.	
	(C)	Thomas Edison's.	(D)	Robert Owen's.	
7.		anoverian successio by the Parliament o		result of the Act of Settlement -	٠.
	(A)	1601.	(B)	1654.	
1,	(C)	1678.	(D)	1701.	

8.		patented the cotton gin (short for cotton engine) in 1794.					
	(A)	Eli Whitney.	(B)	Samuel F. B.			
	(C)	Elias Howe.	(D)	Jean Lenoir.			
9.		invented the internal c	ombus	tion engine in 1858.			
	(A)	Jean Lenoir.	(B)	Alexander Graham Bell.			
	(C)	Thomas Edison.	(D)	Robert Owen.			
10.		created the telephone	in 187	7.			
	(A)	Thomas Edison.	(B)	Robert Owen.			
	(C)	Henry Hetherington.	(D)	William Lovett.			
11.	The Br	ritish economist ———— v	vrote I	Principles of Political Economy (1848).			
	(A)	Adam Smith.	(B)	John Stuart Mill.			
	(C)	Turgot.	(D)	Robert Owen.			
12.		produced 'An Inquiry in	nto the	Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations in			
	1776.						
	(A)	Adam Smith.	(B)	David Ricardo.			
	(C)	Sir Robert Peel.	(D)	Thomas Malthus.			
13.		lism was an 18 th -century moveme urch of England from within.	nt fou	nded by that sought to reform			
	(A)	John Wesley.	(B)	William Ewart Gladstone.			
	(C)	David Ricardo.	(D)	John Russell.			
14.	Repeal	of the Com Act in ————					
	(A)	1846.	(B)	1856.			
	(C)	1866.	(D)	1876.			
15.	1	excelled at penning sho	rt lyrid	es, such as "Break, Break, Break", "The Charge of			
11	the Ligh	ht Brigade", "Tears, Idle Tears" an	a "Cro	ssing the Bar".			
1,	(A)	Matthew Arnold.	(B)	Carlyle.			
7	(C)	Ruskin.	(D)	Alfred Tennyson.			

16.	————— was an English poet and playwright whose mastery of the dramatic monoic made him one of the foremost Victorian poets.			
	(A)	Dante.	(B)	Robert Browning.
	(C)	Paracelsus.	(D)	Wordsworth.
17.		published 'Empedocles	on Et	na and Other Poems' (1852) and 'Poems : A New
		n' (1853).		
	(A)	G. K. Chesterton.	(B)	Oscar Wilde.
	(C)	George Bernard Shaw.	(D)	Matthew Arnold.
18.		products, ideas and other aspects		integration arising from the interchange of world are.
	(A)	Arya Samaj.	(B)	Commonwealth.
	(C)	NWO.	(D)	Globalization.
19.		mmonwealth was formally constitu shed the member states as "free ar	-	the London Declaration in ————— which l ^p .
	(A)	1949.	(B)	1987.
	(C)	1967.	(D)	1998.
20.	Willian	n James founded The Asiatic Socie	ety of -	in 1784.
	(A)	Bengal.	(B)	Madras.
CHIN	(C)	Bombay.	(D)	Delhi.

С	•	c	9	9
v	o	o	o	o

(Pages: 2)

SC IIC) DECIDER EVANGATION

Reg. No.

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4 (3) C03-SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN-II

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Walter Scott.
- 2. William Wordsworth.
- 3. Bill of Rights.
- 4. John Locke.
- 5. Robert Walpole.
- 6. White Man's Burden.
- 7. Laissez Faire.
- 8. Jeremy Bentham.
- 9. Robert Owen.
- 10. Christian Socialism.
- 11. Concept of Welfare State
- 12. Oxford Movement.
- 13. Oliver Twist.
- 14. Terrorism
- 15. Anthony Eden

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Point out the impact of American Revolution.
- 17. Give an account of the Romantic revival in England.
- 18. Trace out the evils of Factory system.
- 19. Give an estimate of the Agrarian Revolution.
- 20. Bring out the features of Victorian Society.
- 21. Explain the term De-Colonization.
- 22. Write a note on BREXIT.
- 23. Give an account of the concept of British Commonwealth.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essays)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. How far the imperialist ideology helpful for the consolidation of British Empire.
- 25. Give an estimate of the Anglican Reformation.
- 26. Trace out the development of Socialist movement in Britain.
- 27. Critically examine the impact of Globalization in England.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

C 3632-A	(Pages : 4)

Name.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4(3) C02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500—II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

		3	
8. T	The Parliament of Great Britain was found	l in t	he year ?
	(A) 1705.	(B)	1706.
	(C) 1707.	(D)	1708.
9. T	The accumulation of Capital was written b	у?	
	(A) Rosa Luxemburg.	(B)	Lenin.
	(C) Marx.	(D)	Schum Peter.
10.	The famous fourteen points was contribut	ed by	
	(A) Woodrow Wilson.		OK
	(B) Winston Churchill.		
	(C) Clement Atlee.		
	(D) None.	-\	
11. /	Anti Democratic movement in Italy was led	i by :	
	(A) Mussolini.	(B)	Hitler.
	(C) Franco.	(D)	Lenin.
12.	Who was known as the Fuehrer?		
	(A) Hitler.	(B)	Mussolini.
		(D)	Lenin.
13. ′	The gathering storm was written by?		
	(A) David Irving.	(B)	Winston Churchill.
) ((D)	Erich Fromm.
14.	Who gave the slogan "All power to the Sovi	iets" '	
	(A) Marx.	(B)	Nicolas I.
1/		(D)	Hitler.
15.	Rome- Berlin Axis was formed on ?		
'NN'	(A) 1930.	(B)	1931.
CX	(C) 1932.	(D)	1933.

HIS 4(3) C02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

	(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)						
1.	What was the meaning of Japanese term 'Kamikaze"?						
	(A)	Divine wave.	(B)	Holy wind.			
	(C)	Divine wind.	(D)	Holy war.			
2.	Which o	nich country China in 1938 as a part of mass campaign of territorial expansion?					
	(A)	Italy.	(B)	Japan.			
	(C)	Germany.	(D)	The Soviet Union.			
3.	Which 1 1940 ?	nations came to be known as the A	kis po	wers after they signed a mutual defence treaty in			
	(A)	Germany, Japan and Italy.					
	(B)	Germany, Japan and Spain.		25,			
	(C)	Germany, Italy and Austria.					
	(D)	Germany, Italy and the Soviet Ur	nion.				
4.	Who is	known as man of blood and Iron?	/~				
	(A)	Napoleon.	(B)	Bismarck			
	(C)	Hochi minch.	(D)	Sir Walters cott.			
5.	Who wa	as the author of united states decla	ratio	n of independence ?			
	(A)	Thomas Jefferson.	(B)	George Washington.			
	(C)	Abraham Lincon.	(D)	Benjamin Franklin.			
6.	The Cri	imean war fought between ———	—.				
	(A)	China and Turkey.	(B)	China and Russia.			
	(C)	Russia and China.	(D)	Russia and Turkey.			
7.	Russia	n revolutionary, who founded the c	omm	unist party was ?			
1	(A)	Karl Marx.	(B)	Stalin.			
7	(C)	Lenin.	(D)	Trotsky.			

C 3632-A

16.	Bloody	Sunday in Russia was on?		
	(A)	January 1903.	(B)	January 1904.
	(C)	January 1905.	(D)	January 1906.
17.	The Ru	issian ruler at the time of the revol	ution	was : Nicholas II.
	(A)	A Nicholas.	(B)	Nicholas II.
	(C)	Alexander I.	(D)	Alexander II.
18.	Bandu	ng Conference is connected to?		
	(A)	NAM.	(B)	NATO.
	(C)	SEATO.	(D)	Warsaw.
19.	The he	ad quarters of UNESCO is located	in	
	(A)	London.	(B)	Paris.
	(C)	New York.	(D)	Rome.
20.	What i	s the term of U. N. Secretary gener	al?	
	(A)	Five years.	(B)	Six years.
	(C)	Third year.	(D)	Four years.
		n, N		
		() '		
		2'		
		2		
		(Q)		
		,\\\		
	L)			
12.	//			
17/1/2				
C_{X} ,				

Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4 (3) C 02-MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500-II

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Archduke Ferdinand.
- 2. Paris Peace Conference.
- 3. League of Nation.
- 4. Alexander Kerensky.
- 5. Black Shirts.
- 6. Hitler.
- 7. Pearl Harbor Incident.
- 8 ILO
- 9. Antonio Guterres.
- 10. Truman Doctrine
- 11. NATO.
- 12. Bagdad Pact.
- 13. Korean War.
- 14. Yasser Arafat.
- 15. World Trade Centre attack.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Discuss the significance of Woodrow Wilson's 14 points.
- 17. Trace the history of the establishment of USSR.
- 18. Examine the growth and development of Nazism in Germany.
- 19. Critically examine the achievements of UNO.
- 20. Write an essay on the Marshal Plan.
- 21. Assess the role of Ho Chi Minh in the Vietnam War.
- 22. Examine the causes of the Iran-Iraq War of 1980.
- 23. Describe the role of African National Congress in the freedom struggle of South Africa.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 20 marks.

- 24. Discuss the causes and consequences of the Second World War.
- 25. Write an essay on the Cold War.
- 26. Examine the features of neo-colonialism in the South Asian countries.
- 27. Assess the role Mao-Tse Tung to the formation of the People Republic of China.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

•	9	63	1	٨

P	aσ	-	4

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4 (3) C01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

C 3631-A

2 HIS 4 (3) C01-MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) II

		(Multiple Choice Ques	tions	for SDE Candidates)		
1.	1. Who is the chief exponent of Two nation theory?					
	(A)	Vivekananda.	(B)	Gokhale.		
	(C)	Gandhiji.	(D)	Mohammed Ali Jinnah.		
2.	The the	eory of 'Cultural Nationalism' was o	expou	nded by:		
	(A)	Gokhale.	(B)	Vivekananda.		
	(C)	Savarkar.	(D)	Nehru.		
3.	Mohar	nmed Ali Jinnah was born in :		10		
	(A)	Lahore.	(B)	Bombay.		
	(C)	Delhi.	(D)	Karachi.		
4.	Who is	the Champion of secularism?		23		
	(A)	Jinnah.	(B)	Nehru.		
	(C)	Savarkar.	(D)	Thilak.		
5.	Who is	regarded as the pragmatic social re	forme	er?		
	(A)	Nehru.	(B)	Thilak.		
	(C)	Sree Narayana Guru.	(D)	Mahathma Gandhi.		
6.	Indepe	ndent India was founded by :				
	(A)	Gopalakrishna Gokhale.	(B)	Thilak.		
	(C)	M.N. Roy.	(D)	Jayaprakas Narayanan.		
7.	The cor	ncept of four pillar state was advoca	ated b	y:		
	(A)	Lohia.	(B)	M.N.Roy.		
	(C)	Nehru.	(D)	Ambedker.		
- 1	7.7					

8.	Azad M	uslim conference' was formed in :		
	(A)	1939.	(B)	1940.
	(C)	1941.	(D)	1947.
9.	Glimps	es of world History' was written by	:	10
	(A)	Nehru.	(B)	Gandhiji.
	(C)	Thilak.	(D)	Ambedkar.
10.	Gandl	niji came back to India from South	Africa	a, in the year ————.
	(A)	1914.	(B)	1915.
	(C)	1916.	(D)	1917.
11.		s of non-violence campaigns of Civi al Congress under the leadership o		bedience Movement were launched by the Indian
	(A)	Mohammad Ali Jinnah.	(B)	Sri Aurabindo.
	(C)	Motilal Nehru.	(D)	Mahatma Gandhi.
12.	Mahati	ma Gandhi on August 8,	-	— gave the call for Quit India Movement.
	(A)	1942.	(B)	1920.
	(C)	1930.	(D)	1940.
13.		ain object of Khilafat Movement wa tude towards Turkey and to restore		
	(A)	British.	(B)	Austrian.
	(C)	American.	(D)	Serbian.
14.		India Khilafat Conference was held resident.	at —	on November 23, 1919 with Gandhi
	(A)	Calcutta.	(B)	Punjab.
	(C)	Gujarat.	(D)	Delhi.
15.	-	visited Malabar in 1921	, givi	ng a further impetus to the Khilafat movement.
1	(A)	Gandhiji.	(B)	Motilal Nehru.
10	(C)	Bal Gangadhar Tilak.	(D)	Sri Aurobindo.

3

16.	The Co world.	nstitution of —————	— is the larg	est written liberal democratic constitution of the
	(A)	India.	(B)	America.
	(C)	Pakistan.	(D)	Afghanistan.
17.		m, it was only in —		onstitution fully reflected the spirit of democratic the Preamble was amended to include the term
	(A)	1936.	(B)	1946.
	(C)	1956.	(D)	1976.
18.		n and women of ———————————————————————————————————		r above of age whose names are registered in the obers of Lok Sabha.
	(A)	14.	(B)	16.
	(C)	17.	(D)	18.
19.				ndira Gandhi imposed Emergency in India citing y of the country from both internal and external
	(A)	1955.	(B)	1965.
	(C)	1968.	(D)	1975.
20.		cialist stalwart —————tocratic.	openly le	d a mass movement against her calling her corrupt
	(A)	Jaya Prakash Narayan.	(B)	Fakruddin Ali Ahmed.
CHIN	(C)	EMS.	(D)	AKG.

262	

(Pages: 2)

Name		
------	--	--

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4 (3) C01-MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) II

Time: Two Hours and a Half Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- Ahmedabad Mill Strike.
- 2. Kheda Movement.
- 3. Lala Lajpat Rai.
- 4. Ali Brothers.
- Salt Sathyagraha.
- Act of 1919.
- Quit India Movement.
- 8. Sree Narayana Guru
- 9. Sathyasodhak Samaj
- Tagore.
- 11. Captain Lekshmi.
- 12. Congress Socialists.
- 13. Fundamental Duties.
- 14. Federalism.
- Narasimha Rao.

2 Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Examine the significance of the Rowlatt Act.
- 17. Write an essay on the Khilafat Movement.
- 18. Trace the activities of Temple Entry Movements in Kerala.
- 19. Briefly describe the anti-communalist programmes of Gandhi.
- 20. Write a note on Swaraj Party.
- 21. Discuss the significance of Poona Pact in Indian Freedom struggle.
- 22. Describe the contribution of Jawarharlal Nehru to the Indian politics.
- 23. Examine the features of the Government of India Act 1935.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Trace the growth and development of Non-Co-operation Movement.
- 25. How far Gandhi used khadi and village industries as the tool of constructive programmes.
- 26. "Ambedkar was considered as the father of Indian Constitution". Discuss.
- 27. Assess the role of Patel to the re-organization of linguistic states.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

11am	C
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4B 20-GENDER STUDIES

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

bection A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Feminism.
- 2. Gender discrimination.
- 3. Matriarchy.
- 4. Gerda Lerner.
- 5 Indus Seals
- 6. Women in agriculture during proto-historic period.
- 7. Women in Buddhism.
- 8. Brahminical Patriarchy.
- 9. Cuncubinage.
- 10. Colonialism.
- 11. GayatriChakravorthySpivak
- 12. Dowry Prohibition Act 1961.
- 13. Heterosexuality.
- 14. Third Gender
- 15. SGMFK,

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- Define gender and sex.
- 17. Write an essay on black feminism.

Turn over

- 18. Explain the Gender Performativity Theory.
- 19. Trace the origin of division of labour in the proto historic period.
- 20. Describe the rights of marriage and inheritance of the women in medieval period.
- 21. Critically evaluate the British Rule of Law and women.
- 22. Write an essay on women literacy in India.
- 23. What is gender identity? Discuss.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Write an essay on Indian society through gender perspective.
- 25. Assess the role of Uma Chakravarthy as a gender historian.
- 26. Critically examine the role of women in Indian politics.
- 27. Examine the silent features of Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4B 06-INDIAN HISTORY-2

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. R. S. Sharma.
- 2. Second Battle of Tarain.
- 3. Ulamas.
- 4. Iltumish.
- 5. Market Ruglation policy of AlauddinKhalji.
- 6. Nobility of medieval period.
- 7. Iqta System.
- 8. Ashtadiggajas.
- 9. Hampi.
- 10. Battle of Talikota.
- 11. Mansabdari system
- 12. Ibadatkhana.
- 13. Zabti.
- 14. Astapradhan.
- 15. Mirabai.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- Examine the consequences of the Arab conquest in Sind.
- 17. Describe the administrative reforms of Balban

- 18. Write an essay on the slavery during the medieval India.
- 19. Discuss the polity under the Sultanate period.
- 20. Write an essay on the religious policy of Akber.
- 21. Trace the growth and development of Sufism.
- 22. Discuss the nature of medieval architecture of India.
- 23. Mark the following important centres of Delhi Sultanate in the outline map provided.

Delhi, Ahmedabad, Lahore, Daulatabad, Panipat.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Discuss the nature of Indian feudalism.
- 25. Critically examine the administrative and military reforms of MuhammadbinThuglaq.
- 26. How far Shersha as considered as the forerunner of Akber ? Explain.
- 27. Describe the contributions of Bhakthi movement.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

ame	
-----	--

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021 History

HIS 4B 05-WORLD HISTORY-2

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4B 05-WORLD HISTORY-2

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	Who de	clared Christianity as legal religion	ın K	ome ?
	(A)	Deocletian.	(B)	Neiro.
	(C)	Constantine.	(D)	Basil II.
2.	When o	lid western Roman empire in the h	ad va	nished in ?
	(A)	400 BC.	(B)	500 BC.
	(C)	600 BC.	(D)	700 BC.
3.	Who w	as the last ruler of the Byzantine e	empir	e ?
	(A)	Susrutha.		()
	(B)	Constantine XI.		61,
	(C)	AI-Razi.		,2
	(D)	Avicenna.	1	
4.	When o	lid Constantinople fell in the hand	s of th	ne Turks in the year?
	(A)	1453 C.E.	(B)	1435 C.E.
	(C)	1534 C.E.	(D)	1464 C.E.
5.	Jesus	Christ was born in :		
	(A)	Jerusalem.	(B)	Palestine.
	(C)	Nazreth.	(D)	Bedlahem.
6.	Who w	as the first Bishop of Rome ?		
	(A)	Leo III.	(B)	St.Augustin.
	(C)	George III.	(D)	Peter.
7.	Feuda	lism was derived from which Latin	word	:
	(A)	Feudam.	(B)	Feudalism.
1,	(C)	Knight.	(D)	Serfdom.

3

8.	8. When did the Portuguese reached India by the sea route in ?					
	(A)	1498 A.D.				
	(C)	1387 A.D.	(B)	1389 A.D.		
_	,		(D)	1386 A.D.		
9.		nical clock was invented in :				
	(A)	1440 C.E.	(B)	1300 C.E.		
	(C)	1340 C.E.	(D)	1350 C.E.		
10.	Proph	et Mohammad was born at :				
	(A)	Persia.	(B)	Bagdad.		
	(C)	Medina.	(D)	Mecca.		
11.	Who w	as the first Abbasid Caliph?				
	(A)	Abu Bakr.	(B)	Osman I.		
	(C)	Mohammad.	(D)	Al-Safah.		
12.	12. Who was the most important Caliph?					
	(A)	Manzikert.	(B)	Harun Al Rasheed.		
	(C)	Pepin III.	(D)	Alexius Comnenus.		
13.	When o	did Muhammad of Qandahar led a	n arm	y into Iran in ?		
	(A)	1622 A.D.	(B)	1722 A.D.		
	(C)	1822 A.D.	(D)	1272 A.D.		
14.	14. Who was known as the Father of Algebra:					
	(A)	Nizam-ul Mulk.	(B)	Al-Razi.		
	(C)	Avicenna.	(D)	Diophantus.		
15.	Who wa	as the Persian physician who lived	in Ba	gdad ?		
	(A)	Al-Sfah.	(B)	Ar-Razi.		
	(C)	Mohammad.	(D)	Iltutmish.		

16.	When o	did Tang dynasty came to power in	Chin	a ?
	(A)	626 A.D.	(B)	672 A.D.
	(C)	627 A.D.	(D)	618 A.D.
17.	Who w	as the last ruler of Zhou dynasty?		, 10
	(A)	Chihu vanti.	(B)	Wu.
	(C)	Nero.	(D)	Leo III.
18.	Name	the Tang ruler who formed Academ	y of p	oets:
	(A)	Petrarch.	(B)	Martin Luther.
	(C)	Nero.	(D)	Xuanzong.
19.	Tang r	uler Bai Juyi was died in :		
	(A)	876 C.E.	(B)	846 C.E.
	(C)	866 C.E.	(D)	856 C.E.
20.	Name t	the oldest surviving printed docume	nt of	the Ming era :
	(A)	Indica.	(B)	Decamoron.
	(C)	Diamond Sutra.	(D)	Arthasasthra.
CHNIK LIBRARY UND THE STATE OF				

$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$	36	90

(Pages : 2)

Maximum

(World map to Accompany)

FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4B 05-WORLD HISTORY-2

Time . Two Hours and a Half

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

1 Serf

Villain.

3. Ottoman Turks.

Franks

Clergy.

Caliph.

7. Al-Khwarizmi.

Calligraphy.

9. Empress Wu.

Black Death. Pope Gregory VII.

11. The canon of medicine.

13. Magna Carta. 15. Tang Dynasty.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Explain the Byzantine Empire legal system.
- Write a note on Justinian code.
- What are the important features of feudalism?
- Analyze the features of Iqta systems and changes in Agriculture.

- 20. Describe the importance of naval expedition of Cheng Ho.
- 21. Evaluate the major causes for the decline of Feudalism.
- 22. Explain the causes for the spread of Christianity.
- 23. Mark important medieval towns in the outline map provided

(Bergen, Siena, Bruges, Prague, Torun, Carcassonne, Nordlingen and Toledo).

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Explain the Legacy Charlemagne.
- Examine the Contribution of Arabs in the field of Mathematics, Astronomy, Alchemy, Optics and Medicine.
- 26. Write an essay on the rise of Feudalism.
- 27. Analyze the importance of Trade and Medieval trade routes.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$



7 0001		
C 2321	(Pages : 3)	Name

Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 3C 06 AND HIS 4C 06—HISTORY OF JOURNALISM: JOURNALISM IN KERALA AND JOURNALISM IN THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD

(2014 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A

Answer the following questions 1 to 12.

Each question carries ½ mark.

Objective type:

- 1. Which is the first printed magazine in Malayalam?
 - (a) Vidyavilasini.

(b) Vivekodayam.

(c) Jnananikshepam.

- (d) SamkshepaVedartham.
- 2. Who was the editor of Keralan ?
 - (a) K. Ramakrishna Pillai.
- b) A. Balakrishna Pillai

(c) K. Ayyappan.

- (d) Moorkothu Kumaran.
- 3. Which is independent India's first trade union of media persons?
 - (a) The Indian Newspaper Society.
 - (b) Association of Indian Journalists.
 - (c) Indian Federation of Working Journalists.
 - (d) The Indian Languages Newspapers Association.
- 4. Which news agency is established for second language in India?
 - (a) SamacharBharathi.
 - (b) Press Trust of India.
 - c) United News of India.
 - (d) HindusthanSamachar.

Fill in the Blanks:

5.	The headquarters of Reuters	is	situated in
----	-----------------------------	----	-------------

- 6. Kerala Press Academy was established in ———.
- 7. PTI stands of -----
- 8. ---- is the motto of The New York Times.

Match the following:

Mathrubhoomi — C.V. Kunhuraman.

10. KeralaKaumudi - Joseph Mundasserv

Navajeevan – K.G. Sankar.

Malayalarajyam – K.P. Kesava Menon.

(12 × 1/2 = 6 marks)

Section B (Short Answer)

2

Answer any seven of the following. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Rajyasamacharam.
- 14. ChengulathuKunhirama Menon.
- 15. Yuktivadi.
- 16. Malayali.
- 17. Muhammad Abdul Rahman Sahib.
- 18. Investigative Journalism.
- 19. The New York Times.
- 20. SamacharBharati.
- 21. VividhBharati.

3 Section C (Short Essay)

Answer any five of the following. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Evaluate the aims, objectives and activities of Kerala Press Academy.
- 23. Analyse the role of Malayalam press in the nationalist movement.
- Assess the contribution of Kandathil Varghese Mappila in the development of journalism in Kerala.
- 25. Examine the radical journalism of K Ramakrishna Pillai.
- 26. Give an account on the important news agencies working in India.
- 27. Examine the development of trade unionism among the journalists in India.
- 28. Assess the importance of the Press Commission of 1947.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essay)

Answer any two of the following. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Describe the evolution of modern journalism in Kerala
- 30. Examine the contributions of press in the social reform process in Kerala
- 31. Analyse the development of popular international news agencies and their activism
- 32. Assess the concept of freedom of the press implied in the Indian constitution

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Nam	e
Reg.	No

Turn over

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 3C 05 AND HIS 4C 05—ARCHAEOLOGY IN INDIA: ARCHAEOLOGICAL EXCAVATIONS IN INDIA AND MODERN TECHNIQUES IN ARCHAEOLOGY

(2014 Admissions)

Maximum: 80 Marks Time: Three Hours Section A (Objective Type Questions) PART I BUNCH I I. Answer all questions. Each question carries 1/2 marks Name the following: 1 The first survey in India was conducted by. 2 The Book "Digest of Hindu Laws" was written by : 3 The Odai excavation in Tamilnadu was conducted by : 4 The first Indian President of Asiatic Society of Bengal was : $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$ BUNCH II Fill in the Blanks 5 The first archaeological survey in India was conducted in the year -6 Lothal was excavated by - $(2 \times 32 = 1 \text{ marks})$ PART II 7 Carbon dating system was devised by -----The head quarters of the Indian Institute of Oceanography is at $(2 \times 1) = 1 \text{ marks}$

В

H.H.Wilson.

2 BUNCH III

Match A with B:

9 Sanskrit English Dictionary Charles Lyell.

10 Illustrated Account of Megalithic Graves of Malabar Flinders Petrie 11 Methods and Aims of Archaeology

12 Principles of Geology J.Babington.

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Short Answers, 50 words)

II. Answer any ten (select five from Part-I and five from Part-II) of the following. Each question carries 2 marks:

Part I

- 13 Mackenzie collection.
- 14 R.D.Banarji.
- 15 Arikamedu excavation.
- 16 Asiatic Researches.
- 17 Edakkal caves.
- 18 Anakkara excavation.

PART II

- 19 Petrology
- 20 Sacrophagi
- 21 Archaeological museums.
- 22 Artifact
- 23 Data sheet

3 Section C (Short Essay, 150 words)

III. Answer any six (Three from Part-I and three from Part-II). Each question carries 5 marks :

PART I

- 25 Assess the contributions of Alexander Cunningham to Indian archaeology.
- 26 Trace the major megalithic burial sites of Kerala. What are the major burial types associated with the megalithic culture of Kerala?
- 27 Discuss the significance of Pattanam excavation in the historical context of Kerala.
- 28 Trace the Paleolithic culture of India. Point out the major Paleolithic sites of India.

PART II

- 29 What is Stratigraphy? What is its significance in archaeology?
- 30 Why a field laboratory is essential in an archaeological excavation?
- 31 What do you mean by conservation? What are the major steps involved?
- 32 What are the chief functions of a curator?

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section- D (Essay, 350 words)

IV. Answer any two (one from Part-I and one from Part-II). Each question carries 12 marks -

PART I

- 33 Assess the role played by Asiatic Society of Bengal in unearthing the history of India.
- 34 Analyse the various attempts of both the British and Indian scholars to trace out the civilization of Indus valley.

PART II

- 35 What is absolute dating? Elucidate any three among them.
- 36 What is under water archaeology? Highlight its significance in the Indian context.

 $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 3C 04 AND HIS 4C 04—WEST ASIAN STUDIES: WEST ASIA IN CRISIS AND CONTEMPORARY WEST ASIA

(2014 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all twelve questions. Each question carries ½ mark.

Name the following:

- 1. First Chairman of PLO
- 2. In which country the Organization of Al-Fatah belonged
- 3. Headquarters of OAPEC.
- 4. The headquarters of World Muslim League.

Fill in the blanks:

- 5. The Sixth Day War was fought in the year -
- 6. Black September was a conflict between Jordan and ---
- 7. Avatollah Khomeini was the leader of the nation ----
- 8. Saddam Hussein was captured by US in the year -----

Match the following:

9. Free Officers Revolution - 1990

10. Formation of PLO - 1962

11. Capture of Kuwait by Iraq - 1964

12. Formation of Muslim World League

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$

Reg. No.....

Section B (Short Answer)

- 1952

Answer any seven questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 3. Nationalization of Suez Canal.
- 14. Baa'thism.

Turn over

- 15. Yasar Arafat.
- General Abdul Kareem Kasim.
- 17. Regan Plan.
- 18. Muslim World League.
- 19. Taliban.
- 20. Palestine Question.
- 21. NORKA.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short Essays)

Answer any five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. What were the important causes of the Free Officers Movements in Egypt?
- 23. Analyze the causes of the decline of British influence in West Asia.
- 24. Discuss the background of the Arab-Israeli conflicts.
- 25. Asses the role of Saddam Hussein in the Gulf War.
- 26. Trace the growth of Iranian oil industry after the revolution.
- 27. Write an essay on the intervention of the US in the Gulf War of Kuwait.
- 28. Discuss the impacts of Gulf money on society and economy of Kerala.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essays)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Trace the growth and development of Communist Movements in West Asia.
- 30. How far the mediatory efforts of US Presidents helped to the formation of Palestine State.
- 31. Trace the background of the Islamic Revolution in Iran.
- 32. Write an essay on Indian labour force in the Gulf Nations.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

(Pa	ges.	٠	4

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 3C 03 AND HIS 4C 03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN:
HISTORY OF REVOLUTIONS AND ERA OF COLONIALISM AND HISTORY OF
VICTORIAN AND POST COLONIAL DEVELOPMENTS

(2014 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- $1. \quad This \ Question \ Paper \ carries \ Multiple \ Choice \ Questions \ from \ 1 \ to \ 20.$
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

C 2318-A

2 HIS 3C 03 AND HIS 4C 03-SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN : HISTORY OF REVOLUTIONS AND ERA OF COLONIALISM AND HISTORY OF VICTORIAN AND POST COLONIAL DEVELOPMENTS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	Throug	h the Restoration, ————	— beca	me the king of England.
	(A)	Charles II.	(B)	Robert Owen.
	(C)	James I.	(D)	James II.
2.	The ma	in cause behind the Glorious revo and.	olution wa	as ————— attempt to revive Catholicism
	(A)	James II's.	(B)	Robert Owens.
	(C)	John Russell's.	(D)	Charles II's.
3.		worked as a hack wri	ter for ma	any years, writing and editing articles for Edward
	Cave's	Gentleman's Magazine.		.03
	(A)	Sir Joshua Reynolds.	(B)	Richard Savage.
	(C)	Samuel Johnson.	(D)	Hester Thrale.
4.		is author of the essay	collectio	n "The Citizen of the World (1762).
	(A)	Oliver Goldsmith.	(B)	Richard Price.
	(C)	Mary Wollstonecraft.	(D)	Thomas Edison.
5.	In 1813	3, ——— published h	is first se	rious work, 'Queen Mab'.
	(A)	P.B.Shelley.	(B)	William Godwin.
	(C)	Mary Wollstonecraft.	(D)	John Keats.
6.		was an English write	er and ess	ayist, best known for his Essays of Elia.
	(A)	Charles Lamb.	(B)	Shakespeare.
	(C)	Samuel Taylor Coleridge.	(D)	William Wordsworth.
7.	The Sp	pirit of Laws was written by —		 .
1	(A)	Montesquieu.	(B)	Hegel.
	(C)	Karl Marx.	(D)	Rousseau.

8.		created the first truly re	eliable	steam engine in 1775.
	(A)	James Watt.	(B)	Edmund Cartwright.
	(C)	Robert Owen.	(D)	Samuel F. B.
9.		created the sewing mac	hine i	n 1844.
	(A)	Elias Howe.	(B)	Isaac Singer.
	(C)	Jean Lenoir.	(D)	Alexander Graham Bell.
10.		created the phonograph	h in 1	877.
	(A)	Thomas Edison.	(B)	Robert Owen.
	(C)	Henry Hetherington.	(D)	William Lovett.
11.	Social I	Darwinism was the name given to t	he th	eories of ———— an elitist philosopher.
	(A)	Herbert Spencer.	(B)	Charles Darwin.
	(C)	Dickens.	(D)	Thackeray.
12.		justified the mass murd	er of t	he Jewish people during World War II as purging
	inferior	genetics.	< /	
	(A)	Adolf Hitler.	(B)	Stalin.
	(C)	Lenin.	(D)	Mussolini.
13.		wrote his autobiograph	у Аро	logia (1865-66).
	(A)	John Henry Newman.	(B)	Dickens.
	(C)	Trollope.	(D)	Thackeray.
14.		was an American writer	who	spent most of his writing career in Britain.
	(A)	Thomas hardy.	(B)	Words worth.
	(C)	Henry James.	(D)	Maurice Kinsley.
15.	of the r	was humanist whose ad novement known as Aestheticism.	vocac	y of "art for art's sake" became a cardinal doctrine
1	(A)	Walter Horatio Pater.	(B)	John Keble.
N	(C)	Charles Marriott.	(D)	Richard Hurrell Froude

16.	•			
	Botticelli, Pico della Mirandola, and Michelangelo.			0.
	(A)	Walter Horatio Pater.	(B)	John Keble.
	(C)	Charles Marriott.	(D)	Richard Hurrell Froude.
17.		is the process of interna	tional	integration arising from the interchange of world
	views,	products, ideas and other aspects o	f cultu	ire.
	(A)	Arya Samaj.	(B)	Commonwealth.
	(C)	NWO.	(D)	Globalization.
18.	The sy	mbol of the Commonwealth is ——		who is the Head of the Commonwealth.
	(A)	Queen Elizabeth II.	(B)	Warren Hastings.
	(C)	Jonathan Duncan.	(D)	Macaulay.
19.		served as the first gove	rnor o	f the Oudh from 1947 to 1949; the first woman to
	become	e the governor of an Indian state.		23
	(A)	Sarojini Naidu.	(B)	Walter Scott.
	(C)	Jules Verne.	(D)	Goethe.
20.		was an Indian writer	in Eng	lish, notable for his depiction of the lives of the
	poorer	castes in traditional Indian society		
	(A)	Mulk Raj Anand.	(B)	Ahmad Aliand Raja Rao.
	(C)	R. K. Narayan.	(D)	Graham Greene.
CHN	1	IBRAR		

	0910	
v	201C	,

(Pages: 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 3C 03 AND HIS 4C 03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN: HISTORY OF REVOLUTIONS AND ERA OF COLONIALISM AND HISTORY OF COLONIALISM AND HISTORY OF COLONIALISM AND HISTORY OF COLONIAL REVELOPMENTS.

VICTORIAN AND POST COLONIAL DEVELOPMENTS				
(2014 Admissions)				
Time: Three Hours	Maximum : 80 Marks			
Section A (Objective	e Type Questions)			
Answer all	questions.			
Each question ca	urries ½ marks.			
1. "The French Revolution, A History is the work	k of:			
(a) Thomas Paine. (b	o) William Blake.			
(c) Edmund Burke. (d	l) Thomas Carlyle.			
2. English East India Company was formed in t	he year :			
(a) 1500 AD. (b)	o) 1600 AD.			
(c) 1498 AD. (d	i) 1664 AD.			
3. Rabindranath Tagore obtained Nobel Prize for	or his work :			
(a) Gitanjali. (b	o) Ghora.			
(c) Ghare-Baire. (d	I) Manasi.			
4. The Anglo-Indian novelist who wrote, A Pass	sage to India.			
(a) T.S. Elliot. (b	o) Thomas Stephens.			
(c) E.M. Foster. (c	i) Edward M Thomson.			
Fill in the blanks :				
5. The first English settlement in America was	established in 1607 at			
6. The poem White Man's Burden was written l	oy			

- 7. John Henry Newman is associated with movement.
- 8. Labour Party was formed in the year -----

Match the following:

9. George I — Nightingale of India.

10. John Kay — My Last Duchess.

11. Robert Browning — Hanoverian King.

12. Sarojini Naidu — Flying Shuttle.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Short Answer)

Answer any seven questions in 50 words each.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. John Locke.
- 14. The Daffodils.
- Orientalism.
- 16. Tory Party.
- 17. Mercantilism.
- 18. A Tale of Two Cities.
- 19. T. S. Eliot
- 20. W. H. Auden.
- 21. Toru Dutt.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short Essays)

Answer any **five** questions in 150 words each. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Write a note on Thomas Paine and his contributions on American Revolution.
- 23. Explain the term Oriental Despotism.
- 24. Sketch out the actives of Chartist Movement.
- 25. Write a note on Charles Dickens and his works.
- 26. Trace out the origin and growth of Labour Party.

- 27. Discuss the main aspects of Woods Despatch.
- 28. Analyse the impact of Globalisation.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essays)

Answer any two questions in 350 words each.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Point out the causes and results of Glorious Revolution.
- 30. Sketch out the major technological changes and impact of Industrial Revolution.
- 31. Explain the term De-Colonization and how far it affected British Empire.
- 32. Examine the introduction of English education in India.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

	17_A	

(Ps	 		

lan	ne				
чан	ие	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 3C 02 AND HIS 4C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY: IMPERIALIST ONSLAUGHTS AND RESISTANCE MOVEMENTS AND NEO COLONIALISM: CHALLENGES AND RESPONSES

(2014 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

C 2317-A

HIS 3C 02 AND HIS 4C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY: IMPERIALIST ONSLAUGHTS AND RESISTANCE MOVEMENTS AND NEO COLONIALISM: CHALLENGES AND RESPONSES

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	In 1615	king ——— of En	gland sent S	Bir Thomas Roe as his ambassador to the court of
	Jahangir to secure permission for the Company to set up factories and conduct exclusive trade.			
	(A)	James I.	(B)	Maria Theresa.
	(C)	Aurangzeb.	(D)	Charles II.
2.		st Carnatic war came to a cl tember 1749.	ose and —	was restored to the English on
	(A)	Madras.	(B)	Ahmadabad.
	(C)	Masulipattanam.	(D)	Bombay.
3.	Spinni	ng Jenny was invented by —		—— in 1764.
	(A)	Sir Thomas Roe.	(B)	Hargreaves.
	(C)	Mir Quassim.	(D)	James Watt.
4.	4. Power loom was invented by ———— in 1785.			n 1785.
	(A)	Sir Thomas Roe.	(B)	Cart Weight.
	(C)	Lord Dufferin.	(D)	James Watt.
5.	The sec	cond session of the congress n	net in Calcı	utta on December 1886 under the president ship
	(A)	Dadabhai Naoroji.	(B)	W.C. Banerjee.
	(C)	Lala Lajpat Rai.	(D)	Surendra Nath Banerjee.
6.	The Se	rvants of India Society found	ed by ———	 .
	(A)	Tej Bahadursapra.	(B)	Mahatma Gandhi.
4	(C)	W.C. Banerjee.	(D)	Gopala Krishna Gokhale.
7. Boxer Rebellion was in the year ————.				
1	(A)	1900.	(B)	1901.
	(C)	1908.	(D)	1912.

16.	The Su	ez Canal was built by ———		developer Ferdinand de Lesseps.
	(A)	French.	(B)	British.
	(C)	American.	(D)	Egypt.
17.	The Cl	ninese Communist Party, foun	ded in —	in Shanghai.
	(A)	1901.	(B)	1904.
	(C)	1909.	(D)	1921.
18.		founded the People'	's Republic	of China and was the primary leader of the country
	from it	s establishment in 1949 until		
	(A)	Mao Zedong.	(B)	Sun Yat-sen.
	(C)	Chiang.	(D)	Lenin.
19.		resident Sun Yat-sen died in	1925,	took over the government and the
	Kuomi	ntang.		V.D.
	(A)	Chiang Kai-shek.	(B)	Mao.
	(C)	Sun Yat-sen.	(D)	Lenin.
20.		was a civil rights l	eader in So	uth Africa.
	(A)	Nelson Mandela.	(B)	Nasser.
	(C)	Anwar Sadat.	(D)	Yasser Arafat.
CHIN	1	IBRARY		

8.	In 1894 Society.	organized a se	cret n	ational organization called the Chinese Revival
	(A)	Li Hung-chang.	(B)	Kang Yu-wei.
	(C)	Dr. Sun.	(D)	Liang Ch'i-ch'ao.
9.		lliant leadership and the moving sp tion in Russia.	irit of	——— was responsible for the October
	(A)	Lenin.	(B)	Alexander Kerensky.
	(C)	Leon Trotsky.	(D)	Stalin.
10.	Russian	then inaugurated an era n economy into a powerful and stab		e-Year plans in order to convert the weak, agrarian ustrial economy.
	(A)	Joseph Stalin.	(B)	Lenin.
	(C)	Leon Trotsky.	(D)	Mao.
11.	The cor	npetition between the Super Powe	rs led	to the
	(A)	Cold War.	(B)	Civil War.
	(C)	First World War.	(D)	Second World War.
12.	Cold W	ar came to an end with the collaps	e of th	e Soviet Union in ————.
	(A)	1991.	(B)	1995.
	(C)	1998.	(D)	1999.
13.	In 1955	America formed —	— in	Middle East.
	(A)	MEDO.	(B)	SEATO.
	(C)	WARSAW PACT.	(D)	CENTO.
14.	the Eur	founded Cominform opean communist parties.	in the	year 1947 with the purpose of bringing together
	(A)	Joseph Stalin.	(B)	Lenin.
N	(C)	Khrushchev.	(D)	Nixon.
5.	Genera	led the UN for	ces on	an attack at the Battle of Inchon.
	(A)	George MacArthur.	(B)	Lyndon Johnson.
	(C)	Richard Nixon.	(D)	Chung II-kwon.

4	001	7
ı	231	'1

(Pages: 3)

Name	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 3C 02 AND HIS 4C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY: IMPERIALIST ONSLAUGHTS AND RESISTANCE MOVEMENTS AND NEO COLONIALISM: CHALLENGES AND RESPONSES

(2014 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

- I. Name the following:
 - 1 The leader of the Revolt of 1857 in Bihar :
 - 2 The Headquarters of International Court of Justice
 - 3 The term apartheid means:
 - 4 The author of the books 'The Age of Extremes':

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

- II. Fill in the blanks:
 - 5 The treaty of Nanking was connected with ---- War.
 - 6 _____ is the autobiography of Hitler.
 - 7 Yasir Arafat was the leader of -----
 - 8 The Korean War started in the year -

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

- III. Match the following:
 - 9 Tai-ping Rebellion
 1980

 10 The Russian Revolution
 1990
 - 11 Iran-lrag War 1917
 - 11 Iran-iraq war 1517
 - 12 Kuwait War 1850

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

3 Section D (Essays)

VI. Select one each from the following part I and II. Answer two questions in about 200 words. Each carries 12 marks:

PART I

- 33 Write an essay on the causes and results of the Revolt of 1857.
- 34 Critically examine the aims and achievements of the U.N.O.

PART II

- 35 Examine the major causes of the Iran-Iraq War. How it influenced on the world politics?
- 36 Assess the role of Mao-Tse-Tung to the establishment of the People's Republic of China.

 $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Very Short Answer)

IV. Select five each from the following part I and II. Answer ten questions in about 50 words. Each carries 2 marks:

PART I

- 13 Boxer Rebellion.
- 14 Dr.Sun Yat Sen.
- 15 Treaty of Versailles.
- 16 NEP.
- 17 Menshevik Revolution.
- 18 U.N. Security Council.

PART II

- 19 Truman Doctrine
- 20 NATO.
- 21 Long March.
- 22 Hamas.
- 23 Nelson Mandela.
- 24 Berlin wall.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short Essays)

V. Select three each from the following part I and part II. Answer six questions in about 100 words each. Each question carries 5 marks:

PART I

- 25 Examine the early activities of the Indian National Congress.
- 26 Analyze the various causes of the Opium War.
- 27 Discuss the structure and functions of the League of Nations.
- 28 What were the important causes of the Second World War?

Part II

- 29 Discuss the significance of the Cold War.
- 30 Write an essay on the causes and results of the Vietnam War.
- 31 Assess the role of Yasir Arafat to the formation of the P.L.O.
- 32 What were the important causes of the Kuwait War of 1990?

C	231	G.	A

(Pages: 4)

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 3C 01 AND HIS 4C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY: INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT-GANDHIAN PHASE (1917-1947) AND SELECTED THEMES IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA

(2014 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

C 2316-A

HIS 3C 01 AND HIS 4C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY: INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT-GANDHIAN PHASE (1917-1947) AND SELECTED THEMES IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA

	CONTEMI ORANT INDIA					
		(Multiple	Choice Questions	for SDE Candidates)		
1.	The do	ctrine of Hindutva w	as expounded by :			
	(A)	V.D.Savarkar.	(B)	Tilak.		
	(C)	Gandhiji.	(D)	Nehru.		
2.	Moham	nmed Ali Jinnah was	born in :			
	(A)	Lahore.	(B)	Bombay.		
	(C)	Delhi	(D)	Karachi.		
3.	Gandh	ism is not merely a p	olitical creed it is :	17		
	(A)	A programme of act	ion. (B)	A message.		
	(C)	Theory.	(D)	Working class movement.		
4.	Doctrin	ne of Total Revolution	n was expounded by			
	(A)	Jayaprakas Naraya	anan. (B)	M.N Roy.		
	(C)	Gandhiji.	(D)	Thilak.		
5.	Mahatı	ma Gandhi on Augus	st 8, gave	the call for Quit India Movement.		
	(A)	1942.	(B)	1920.		
	(C)	1930.	(D)	1940.		
6.		6, upon persuasion of on and independence		ma Gandhi reluctantly accepted the proposal of th cabinet, in order to evade a civil war.		
	(A)	Sardar Vallabhbhai	i Patel. (B)	Raj guru.		
	(C)	Sukhdev.	(D)	Mohammed Ali Jinnah.		
7.	1	strictly advised t	the Non-Cooperators	s to observe truth and non-violence.		
	(A)	Tilak.	(B)	Motilal Nehru.		
1	(C)	Gandhiji.	(D)	Sri Aurobindo.		

C 2316-A

8.		cational boycott was most successf I Subhas Chandra Bose.	ul in -	under the leadership of Chitta Ranjan
	(A)	Bihar.	(B)	Bombay.
	(C)	Bengal.	(D)	Madras.
9.	Tolstoy	's " " made much impres	sion (upon Gandhi.
	(A)	Unto This Last.		
	(B)	Enlightens.		0'
	(C)	The Kingdom of God within You.		
	(D)	None of these.		, 0
10.	Who w	rote the essay "Civil Disobedience"	?	
	(A)	Thoreau.	(B)	Gandhi.
	(C)	Ruskin.	(D)	Tolstoy.
11.		s inauguration on 26th January — 3 the path and progress of India.		, the Constitution of India has been successfully
	(A)	1905.	(B)	1915.
	(C)	1930.	(D)	1950.
12.	India l	nas an elected head of state (Pres —— years.	ident	of India) who wields power for a fixed term of
	(A)	2.	(B)	3.
	(C)	4.	(D)	5.
13.	The Ei		t to t	he President of India — who signed it
	(A)	Fakraddin Ali Ahmed.	(B)	George Fernandes.
	(C)	Dr.Rajendra Prasad.	(D)	Manmohan Singh.
14.	/	succeeded her as the Prime M	iniste	r and led the Janata Party government till 1980.
N	(A)	Morarji Desai.	(B)	Lalu Prasad Yadav.
12	(C)	Mulayam Singh Yadav.	(D)	Sharad Yadav.

3

15.	 appointed a scientific man power committee and five institutes of technology came at Kharagpur, Bombay, Madras, Kanpur and Delhi besides a number of regional engineer colleges by his efforts. 			
	(A)	J.L. Nehru.	(B)	Prof. P.M.S Blackett.
	(C)	Indira Gandhi.	(D)	Vajpayee.
16.		e organization was set up in 19 uipment, operational research		e — for the scientific evolution of weapons I studies.
	(A)	Prof. P.M.S Blackett.	(B)	Vajpayce.
	(C)	Jawaharlal Nehru.	(D)	Indira Gandhi.
17.		— was referred to as Cha	nakya for h	is ability to steer tough economic and political
	legislat	ion through the parliament :	at a time wh	en he headed a minority government.
	(A)	Rao.	(B)	Vajpayee.
	(C)	Jawaharlal Nehru.	(D)	Rajiv Gandhi.
18.	The Ch			ndarlal Bahuguna in Tehri-Garhwal district of destruction of forests by contractors.
	(A)	Uttaranchal.	(B)	Santhals.
	(C)	Agra.	(D)	Calcutta.
19.		Sarovar Dam in ———————————————————————————————————	is one of the	biggest dams on the river and was one of the first
	(A)	Gujarat.	(B)	Bihar.
	(C)	UP.	(D)	Assam.
20.	In Jun	e 1984, during ———, I	ndira Gandl	i ordered the Indian Army to attack the Golden
	-	and eliminate any insurgents ling weapon Operation Blue		en occupied by Sikh separatists who were allegedly
	(A)	Operation Blue Star.	(B)	Operation Red Star.
1	(C)	Operation White Star.	(D)	Operation Green Star.

2316	(Pages: 2)	Name

Nam	e
Reg.	No

Maximum: 80 Marks

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 3C 01 AND HIS 4C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY: INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT-GANDHIAN PHASE (1917-1947) AND SELECTED THEMES IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA

(2014 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all twelve questions, Each question carries 1/2 mark.

Fill in the blanks:

- 1. Poona Pact was signed in the year
- 2. In the year Montague-Chelmsford Act introduced.
- 3. Founder of Chipko Movement.
- 4. _____ is the leader of Plachimada Struggle.

Name the following:

- Founder of Satyashodhak Samaj
- 6. Founder of the political party Forward Block.
- 7. In which year the constitution of India came into force?
- 8. Full form of NEP.

Match the following:

9. Bipan Chandra - Thought and Vision of Jawaharlal Nehru.

10. A.R.Desai - The Violence of Green Revolution.

S.Anand – Social Background of Indian Nationalism.

Vandana Siva – India's Struggle for Independence.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$

2 Section B (Short Answer)

Answer any **seven** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

13. Ahmadabad Mill Strike. 14. Jallian Walla Bagh Incident.

15. Chauri Chauri Incident. 16. Congress Socialists.

17. Emergency. 18. Globalization.

19. Narmada Bachao Andolan. 20. Rama Janma Bhoomi Issue.

21. Land Grabbing in India.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short Essays)

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks

- 22. Bring out the features of the Montague-Chelmsford Reforms.
- 23. Write an essay on the non-co operation movement.
- 24. Trace the development of the anti-communal movement in India.
- 25. Explain characteristic features of the Act of 1935.
- 26. Critically examine the features of mixed economy.
- 27. Bring out the role of anti-land acquisition movements in India.
- 28. Discuss the various causes of the Delhi Riots.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essays)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Critically evaluate the constructive programmes of Mahatma Gandhi.
- 30. Examine the role of Subash Chandra Bose and his mission to the acceleration of Indian freedom struggle.
- 31. Write an essay on the characteristic features of the constitution of India.
- 32. Trace the origin and development of the dalits and adivasi uprisings in India.

1						
C 2315	Pages :	3)	Name			
			Reg. No			
(South India	Map t	o accompany)				
FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCB	CSS-		EE EXAMINATION			
,	Histor	у				
HYD 4B 04—HISTO	RY O	F MEDIEVAL	INDIA			
(2014	Admi	ssions)	\sim			
Time : Three Hours			Maximum: 80 Marks			
Answer may be written i	n eithe	er English or M	alayalam.			
Section A	(Obje	ctive Type)	\			
		lve questions.				
-	ion car	ries ½ mark.				
I. Multiple Choice. Fill in the blanks:	. 1	/ '				
	 was the first women Ruler in the Delhi Sultanate. was introduced token currency during the Sultanate period. 					
2 — was introduced to						
3 The founder of Sikh religion was—						
4 The Ayagar system was existed in-		Empire	e.			
2,			$(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$			
II. Choose the correct answer from the brace	ket :					
5 The author of Tarikhi-i-Firozshahi	:					
(a) Firoz Sha Tughluk.	(b)	Ziyauddin Bar	ani.			
(c) Amir Khusrau.	(d)	Abul Fazal.				
6 The First battle of Panipat was fou	ght in t	he year :				
(a) 1206.	(b)	1526.				
(c) 1556.	(d)	1591.				

2

7 The battle of Talikota marked the end of :

(a) Sultanate.

(b) Mughal.

(c) Bahmani Kingdom.

(d) Vijayanagar Empire.

8 The head of the military department of the Mughal Empire :

(a) Qazi.

(b) Mir Bakshi.

(c) Wazir.

(d) Kotwal.

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

III. Match the following:

9 K.A.N.Sastri - State and Culture in Medieval India

10 K.A.Nizami - A History of South India.

11 Irfan Habib – Peasant State and Society in Early Medieval South India.

12 Burton Stein - The Agrarian System of Mughal India: 1556-1707.

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Short Answer)

Briefly explain any seven of the following, each in about 50 words.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13 Battle of Tarain.
- 14 Ulemas.
- 15 Iqta system.
- 16 Jagirdari System.
- 17 Din-llahi.
- 18 Merabai.
- 19 Taj Mahal.
- 20 Baburnama.
- 21 Hampi ruins.

CHNW LIBRARY UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT

3 Section C (Map Study)

Mark the following Cholas sites on the outline map provided. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 22 Taniore.
- 23 Gangaikonda Cholapuram.
- 24 Nagapattinam.
- 25 Kanchipuram.
- 26 Vengai.
- 27 Chidambaram.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Short Essays)

Answer any of the following four questions in not more than 150 words each.

Each question carries 6 marks.

- 28 Briefly explain the features of the Market Regulations of Alauddhin Khalji.
- 29 Critically examine the religious policy of Akber.
- 30 Write a note on the Mansabdari System.
- 31 Trace the administrative reforms of Shershah.
- 32 Discuss the causes of War of Succession during the reign of Shahjahan.
- 33 Examine the features of Pallavas art and architecture.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Section E (Essays)

Answer any of the following two questions in not more than 350 words each.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 34 Trace the origin and development of Bhakti Movement in India.
- 35 Discuss the features of the art and architecture during the Mughal period.
- 36 Write an essay on the features of Cholas Local administration.
- 37 Asses the role of Krishna Dev Raya to the consolidation of Vijayanagar Empire.

(P	a	ø	es	:	4

Nam	e
Reg.	No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4B 06/HYD 4B 05-METHODOLOGY OF HISTORICAL WRITING

(2014 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4B 06/HYD 4B 05-METHODOLOGY OF HISTORICAL WRITING

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

The process of dealing with concerns over the authenticity of a source is referred to as:					
(A)	Sourcing.	(B)	Internal criticism.		
(C)	Secondary criticism.	(D)	External criticism.		
Oral hi	story can be based on ———.				
(A)	Interviews with people.	(B)	Stories and tales.		
(C)	Songs.	(D)	All of the above.		
Present	tism in historical sources is the —		- 1		
(A)	Presence of the author in a histor	ical so	ource.		
(B)	First-hand accounts of events.				
(C)	Assumption that the present day	conno	tations of terms also existed in the past.		
(D)	All of the above.				
When v	vriting their narratives many histo	rical	researchers prefer to use ———.		
(A)	The publication manual of the An	nerica	n psychological association.		
(B)	The Chicago manual of style.	•			
(C)	The historical manual of style.				
(D)	The historians manual of style.				
The ide	entification of when and where an e	event	took place is known as :		
(A)	Contextualization.	(B)	Sourcing.		
(C)	Corroboration.	(D)	Criticism.		
Myster	y shopping is a form of :				
(A)	Questionnaire.	(B)	Observation.		
(C)	Analysis.	(D)	Postal survey.		
Exonur	nia is the scientific study of ———	—.			
(A)	Metals.	(B)	Medals.		
(C)	Monuments.	(D)	Materials.		
	(A) (C) Oral hi (A) (C) Presen (A) (B) (C) (D) When v (A) (C) The ide (A) (C) Myster (A) (C) Exonur (A)	(A) Sourcing. (C) Secondary criticism. Oral history can be based on (A) Interviews with people. (C) Songs. Presentism in historical sources is the (A) Presence of the author in a histor (B) First-hand accounts of events. (C) Assumption that the present day (D) All of the above. When writing their narratives many history (A) The publication manual of style. (C) The historical manual of style. (D) The historical manual of style. (D) The historical manual of style. (E) The identification of when and where an expectation of the contextualization. (C) Corroboration. Mystery shopping is a form of: (A) Questionnaire. (C) Analysis. Exonumia is the scientific study of	(A) Sourcing. (B) (C) Secondary criticism. (D) Oral history can be based on ————. (A) Interviews with people. (B) (C) Songs. (D) Presentism in historical sources is the ———————————————————————————————————		

Turn over

8.	The word 'archive' is derived from :					
	(A)	The French.	(B)	The Greek.		
	(C)	The English.	(D)	The Latin.		
9.		— is an alphabetical list of all sou	rce m	naterials used for an academic essay.		
	(A)	Bibliography.	(B)	Foot notes.		
	(C)	End Notes.	(D)	References.		
10.	An his	torian reached a broad conclusion o	of his	work is called :		
	(A)	Theory.	(B)	Generalization.		
	(C)	Conclusion.	(D)	Formula.		
11.	Who is	the author of the book "The Count	ry Arc	ound Paris" ?		
	(A)	Carl Becker.	(B)	Marc Block.		
	(C)	Federic Engels.	(D)	Carl Marx.		
12.	"New H	History" the term coined by :	1			
	(A)	Carl Becker.	(B)	Carlo Kammen.		
	(C)	Donald Ritchie.	(D)	Joe Gould.		
13.	The stu	ndy of past at very small scale is cal	lled :			
	(A)	Macro History.	(B)	Micro History.		
	(C)	Local history.	(D)	Oral History.		
14.	In histe	orical research, a primary source —		_ .		
	(A)	Consists of firsthand accounts by	witne	sses to events.		
	(B)		e orig	inal maps, diaries, transcripts of the minutes of a		
	(0)	meeting, and photographs.				
- 6	V	Both (A) and (B).				
	(D)	None of the above.				
15.		etnod that consists of collection of dat sting of hypothesis is called :	a thro	ough observation and experimentation, formulation		
	(A)	Empirical method.	(B)	Scientific method.		

(D) Practical knowledge.

(C) Scientific information.

C 2314-A

16.	16. Which of the following terms best describes do a different person for a different purpose?			that were originally collected at an earlier time by
	(A)	Primary data.	(B)	Secondary data.
	(C)	Experimental data.	(D)	Field notes.
17.	The me	ethod of reasoning in which a conclu	usion	is drawn from two statements is called :
	(A)	Empiricism.	(B)	Inductive method.
	(C)	Hypothesis.	(D)	Syllogism.
18.	Which things	•	ons to	emerge from the immediate context or course of
	(A)	Interview guide approach.	(B)	Informal conversational interview.
	(C)	Closed quantitative interview.	(D)	Standardized open-ended interview.
19.	Which	of the following is not a major metl	od of	data collection ?
	(A)	Questionnaires.	(B)	Focus groups.
	(C)	Correlation method.	(D)	Secondary data.
20.	' Histor	rical Relativism' is emerged from w	hich é	ountry?
	(A)	France.	(B)	England.
	(C)	America.	(D)	Rome.
CHIN	1	IBRARY		

C 2314	(D 0)
C 2314	(Pages : 2)

Name	•
Reg. No	

FOURTH	SEMESTER	(CUCBCSS-UG)	DEGREE	EXAMINATION
		APRIL 2021		

History

HIS 4B 06/HYD 4B 05—METHODOLOGY OF HISTORICAL WRITING

	HIS 4B UNTIL 4B US-METHODOLOGY OF HISTO	KICAL WRITING
	(2014 Admissions)	Clx
Time	: Three Hours	Maximum: 80 Marks
	Section A (Objective Type Questions	
	Answer all questions. Each question carries ½ mark.	10,
Name	the following:	
1.	The author of the book "The Idea of History".	
2.	Who is called the father of Indian Archaeology?	
3.	The word heuristics means:	
4.	The meaning of op.cit :	$(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$
Match	the following:	•
5.	Chronology - Science of language.	
6.	Archaeology — Study of ancient and historical ha	ndwriting.
7.	Paleography — Scientific study of material remain	s.
8.	Philology — Science of arranging events in the	ir order of occurrence.
		$(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$
Fill in	the blanks:	
9.	Epigraphy means ———.	
10.	The higher criticism is ———.	
11.	The book "The Practice of History" is written by ———?	
12.	Sigillography is the study of ———.	
D		(4 x 1/2 = 2 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Short Notes)

Answer any seven questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13 Historical Sources.
- 14. Numismatics.
- 15. Archives.
- 16. Bibliography.
- 17. Oral History.
- 18. External Criticism.
- 19. Hypotheses.
- 20. Endnotes.
- Glossary.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short essays)

Answer any **five** of the following. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Illustrate the style of footnoting in historical writing.
- 23. What is Micro history?
- 24. How far Epigraphy helped to the reconstruction of history?
- 25. Discuss the historical significance of folklore.
- 26. Explain the various methods for preparing a research paper.
- 27. Discuss the various steps of internal criticism.
- 28. Is History a Science? Examine.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essays)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. How far archaeology helped to the reconstruction of ancient history?
- 30. Describe the various methods of identification of a Historical problem.
- 31. Explain the significance of local history in the modern research.
- 32. What are the measures adopted for avoiding plagiarism in historical writing? Discuss.

C 2314 (Pages : 2) Name.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4B 06/HYD 4B 05-METHODOLOGY OF HISTORICAL WRITING

(2014 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

Name the following:

- The author of the book "The Idea of History".
- 2. Who is called the father of Indian Archaeology?
- 3. The word heuristics means:
- 4. The meaning of op.cit:

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

Match the following:

Chronology — Science of language.

6. Archaeology - Study of ancient and historical handwriting.

Paleography — Scientific study of material remains.

Philology — Science of arranging events in their order of occurrence.

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

Fill in the blanks:

9. Epigraphy means —

10. The higher criticism is -----

11. The book "The Practice of History" is written by -----

12. Sigillography is the study of -

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Short Notes)

Answer any seven questions. Each auestion carries 2 marks.

- 13. Historical Sources.
- 14 Numismatics
- 15. Archives.
- 16. Bibliography.
- 17. Oral History.
- 18 External Criticism
- Hypotheses.
- 20. Endnotes.
- 21. Glossary.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short essays

Answer any five of the following. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Illustrate the style of footnoting in historical writing.
- 23. What is Micro history?
- 24. How far Epigraphy helped to the reconstruction of history?
- 25. Discuss the historical significance of folklore.
- 26. Explain the various methods for preparing a research paper.
- 27. Discuss the various steps of internal criticism.
- 28. Is History a Science? Examine.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essays)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. How far archaeology helped to the reconstruction of ancient history?
- 30. Describe the various methods of identification of a Historical problem.
- 31. Explain the significance of local history in the modern research.
- 32. What are the measures adopted for avoiding plagiarism in historical writing? Discuss.

C 2313-A	(Pages : 4)	Name
		Reg. No

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 4B 05-HISTORY OF THE MEDIEVAL WORLD

(2014 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- $1. \quad This \ Question \ Paper \ carries \ Multiple \ Choice \ Questions \ from \ 1 \ to \ 20.$
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.
 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4B 05-HISTORY OF THE MEDIEVAL WORLD

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	. An influence that spread from the Byzantine Empire to Early Russia was the :							
	(A)	Orthodox Christian religion.	(B)	Use of the Latin alphabet.				
	(C)	Beginning of democracy.	(D)	Factory system.				
2.	What c	ity served as the capital of the Byza	intine	Empire?				
	(A)	Adrianople.	(B)	Ankara.				
	(C)	Constantinople.	(D)	Nicodemia.				
3.	A Byza	antine-made version of the ancient	Roma	n legal code became known as the ———.				
	(A)	Byzantine Constitution.	(B)	Justinian Code.				
	(C)	Ten Commandments.	(D)	Twelve Tables.				
1.	What v	vas the state language of the Easter	rn Ro	man Empire after the 7th century?				
	(A)	Arabic.	(B)	Greek.				
	(C)	Latin.	(D)	Russian.				
5.	5. "Middle Ages" in Western Europe includes the period————.							
	(A)	AD 300 - AD 1600.	•					
	(B)	Beginning of Byzantine through t	he en	d of the Roman Empire.				
	(C)	Beginning of Early Christian thro	ough t	the 13th or 14th centuries.				
	(D)	End of the Roman Empire throug	h the	Byzantine period.				
6.	What v	vas the economic activity of Wester	n Eur	ope in the early middle ages?				
	(A)	Commercial and urban.	(B)	Long-distance trade.				
	(C)	Agriculture.	(D)	All the above.				
7.	Where	can the finest examples of medieva	l arch	itecture are seen ?				
	(A)	Cathedrals.	(B)	Castles.				
1	(C)	Universities.	(D)	All of the above.				

			3	
8.	- the pr	e - Islamic era is known as :		
	(A)	Modern age.	(B)	Age of ignorance.
	(C)	Golden age.	(D)	None.
9.	Rulers	of Pre-Islamic Iran were called :		, 10
	(A)	Qaiser.	(B)	Kisra.
	(C)	Shahan- Shah.	(D)	None.
10.	Samarı	ra was built by :		
	(A)	Al-mansur.	(B)	Al-mahdi.
	(C)	Al-must'asim.	(D)	None.
11.	Dots or	n Arabic letter was introduced by :	\mathcal{N}	
	(A)	Hajjaj.	(B)	Yahya Barmaki.
	(C)	Hassan Basri.	(D)	None of these.
12.	Al-Kh	warzmi was a :		
	(A)	Soldier.	(B)	Astronomer.
	(C)	Mathematician.	(D)	None of these.
13.		was the Tutor of Haroon-ur-R	ashid.	
	(A)	Khalid Rarmaki.	(B)	Yahya Barmaki.
	(C)	Ghazali.	(D)	None of these.
14.	Ibn Kl	naldun was an :		
	(A)	Architect.	(B)	Historian.
	(C)	Muhaddith	(D)	None of these.
15.	Cordov	a is a city of :		
	(A)	Libya.	(B)	Al-Andalus.
1/1/1	(C)	Lebanon.	(D)	None of these.
C///				

C 2313-A

16.	Which	group made up the largest part of t	he po	pulation in feudal society ?
	(A)	Vassals.	(B)	Peasants.
	(C)	Knights.	(D)	Lords.
17.	Which Middle		he ec	onomic and political life of towns during the High
	(A)	Nobles.	(B)	Merchant guilds.
	(C)	Knights.	(D)	The clergy.
18.	Which	of the following best describes the	Churc	th during the late Middle Ages?
	(A)	It provided strong moral leadersh	ip.	, 0,
	(B)	It wielded great political power.		A
	(C)	It grew weak and divided.		
	(D)	It offered great comfort to people	durin	g hard times.
19.	The na	ture of the society into which the p	rophe	et Muhammad was born was :
	(A)	An urban-based culture with sma	ll ma	nufacturing.
	(B)	A strictly disciplined military soci	ety.	V
	(C)	An agricultural society dominated	l by w	varriors.
	(D)	A society made up largely of nom	ads ar	nd merchants.
20.	Which	one does not contribute to the form	ation	of International Government?
	(A)	Expansion of international trade.	(B)	Establishment of international organization.
	(C)	Inter-state rivalry.	(D)	Means of communication.
		Br		

(Pages: 3)

World map to be accompany

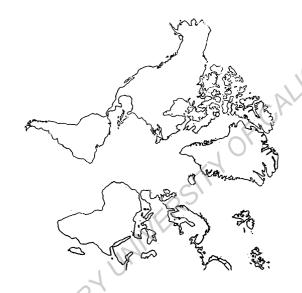
FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS AR OS-HISTORY OF THE MEDIEVAL WORLD

	IIIO 4D 00—IIIO1OI11	•	
	(2014	Λdπ	nissions)
Time : Thre	ee Hours		Maximum : 80 Mar
	s	ectio	on A
			estions given below. rries ½ mark.
1. Which	dynasty succeeded the Pious Cali	phate	:
(a)	Abbasid.	(b)) Umayyad.
(c)	Fatimid.	(d)) Safavid.
2. What	caused Black Death in Europe?		GI.
(a)	Flood.	(b)	Plague.
(c)	Small pox.	(d)	Foreign Invasion.
3. In whi	ch language did Code Justinian co	mpile	?
(a)	Greek.	(b)	Latin.
(c)	English.	(d)	Aramaic.
4 Who is	the head of the Greek Orthodox C	Church	h?
(a)	Pope	(b)	Bishop.
(e)	Patriarch.	(d)	Abbot.
5. Cordova	a University - Spain		
6. Bologna	University - Italy.		
7. Coimbra	u University - Portugal.		
8. Univers	ity of Cologne - Germany.		
9. Investiti	ure Controversy is the struggle be	tween	1
(a)	Henry IV and Gregory VII.	(b)	Philip IV and Boniface VIII.
(c) 1	Frederick I and Alexander III.	(d)	Henry VIII and Leo X.
▼			

					C 2313
10.		called for th	e fourth crusade.		
	(a)	Pope innocent iii.	(b)	Urban ii.	
	(c)	Boniface.	(d)	Pope Gregory	
11.		established	monastery at Mont	e Cassino.	10
	(a)	St. Benedict.	(b)	St. Francis.	
	(c)	St. Macarius.	(b)	S. Antony.	
12.	Harun	al Rashid belonged	to d	ynasty.	, ()'
	(a)	Umayyad.	(b)	Abbasid .	
	(c)	Safavid.	(d)	Fatimid.	(),
			Section	В	(12 × ½ = 6 marks)
		Attempt any seve	n questions given be Each question car		than 50 words.
13.	Fief.			27	
14.	Vassa	ત્રો.	.<		
15.	Papa	cy.	\		
16.	Const	tantinople.	1/1/2		
17.	Easte	ern Roman Empire.	16.		
18.	Sha A	Abbas.	' /).		
19.	Mings	s of China.	1		
20.		nicans.			
21.	Frede	erick Barbarossa.			$(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$
			Section	C	(/ X Z = 14 marks)
	m	out the important cui			he World Man
	4.	Bagdad. 23. Avign			
	22.	Daguau. 23. Avigu	on. 24. Cant. 20. 1	iorenec. 20. De	(6 × 1 = 6 marks)
. //					
1///					
C),					



CHNIKLIBRA

Section D

Attempt any four questions given below in not more than 50 words. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 28. Manor as a self sufficient unit of production.
- 29. Code Justinian.
- 30. List out the cultural achievements of Byzantine Empire.
- 31. Pious Caliphate laid the foundation of Islamic Empire. Comment.
- 32. How powerful was Church in Medieval Europe?
- 33. Explain the Great Schism.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Section E

Attempt any two questions given below in not more than 350 words.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 34. Analyze the contributions of Arab to Science and Philosophy.
- 35. What are the factors that facilitated the transformation of medieval Europe?
- 36. Describe the life in medieval urban centres.
- 37. Give an account of different monastic orders in Medieval Europe.