

**FIRST SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020****(CCSS)****Political Science****POL 1C 04—THEORIES AND CONCEPTS OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION****(2019 Admissions)****Time : Three Hours****Maximum : 80 Marks****Part A (Short Essay Questions)***Answer any **eight** questions.**Each answer shall not exceed 150 words.*

1. Briefly explain the phases of evolution of Public Administration as a discipline.
2. Discuss the nature and characteristics of Comparative Public Administration.
3. Trace the significance of historical approach to Public Administration.
4. Bring out Riggsian perspectives on ecological approach. Point out briefly the features of Prismatic Society as explained by F.W. Riggs.
5. Give an account of the contributions of Herbert Simon to decision making approach.
6. Explain the features, merits and demerits of classical theory of management.
7. What do you mean by 'Management By Objectives' Narrate its significance and limitations ?
8. Critically examine the theory of Scientific Management.
9. Compare and contrast the observations of first and second Minnow brook Conferences.
10. How is participatory administration different from traditional administration ? Identify the challenges to participative administration.
11. Estimate the influence of New Public Management on Public Administration.
12. Write a note on State Vs. Market Debate.

**(8 × 5 = 40 marks)****Turn over**

**Part B (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any **two** questions.*

*Each answer shall not exceed 500 words.*

13. Define Development Administration and examine its characteristics. Enumerate the differences between development administration and traditional administration.
14. Describe the features and influence of Public Choice Approach to Public Administration.
15. Examine the experiments and impact of Hawthorne studies. Point out the limitations of the experiments.
16. Critically examine the features of Weberian Bureaucracy. Trace the significance of bureaucracy in a democracy.

(2 × 20 = 40 marks)

**FIRST SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

(CCSS)

Political Science

POL IC 03—FEDERALISM AND POLITICAL INSTITUTIONS IN INDIA

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

**Part A (Short Essay Questions)***Answer any **eight** of the following questions.**Each question carries 5 marks.**Answers shall not exceed 150 words each.*

1. What were the major criticisms raised against the Constituent Assembly of India at the time of its formation ?
2. Bring out the significance of Fundamental Rights under Part III of Indian Constitution.
3. Critically examine the Center-State administrative relations in Indian Federation.
4. Discuss the measures undertaken in India to protect and promote the Human Rights of Minorities.
5. What is meant by Co-operative Federalism ? Bring out its features.
6. Comment on Judicial Activism in India.
7. Critically examine the relevance and significance of Directive Principles of State policy in the age of globalisation.
8. Write a critical note on Judicial Reforms in India.
9. Explain secularism as an ideology of Indian Constitution.
10. What is Gram sabha ? Examine its duties and responsibilities.
11. Account for the movement for state autonomy in Indian Federations.
12. Give a brief account of the Seventy Third and Seventy Fourth Constitutional Amendment Acts in India.

(8 × 5 = 40 marks)

**Part B (Essay Questions)***Answer any **two** of the following questions.**Each question carries 20 marks.**Answers shall not exceed 500 words each.*

13. Outline the socio-economic objectives and ideological base of Indian Constitution.
14. Discuss the impact of globalisation on the nature and operation of Federalism in India.
15. Critically examine the role of Panchayati Raj Institutions in democratisation and development of Rural India.
16. Discuss the contributions of Indian Judiciary to constitutional development and social change.

(2 × 20 = 40 marks)

**FIRST SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

(CCSS)

Political Science

POL 1C 02—POLITICAL IDEAS IN MODERN INDIA

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

**Part A (Short Essay Questions)***Answer any **eight** of the following questions.**Answer shall not exceed 150 words each.**Each question carries 5 marks.*

1. Examine Raja Ram Mohan Roy's approach to religion.
2. Explain Gandhian concept of "Swaraj".
3. Comment of Jawaharlal Nehru's idea of Democratic Socialism.
4. State and criticise M.N. Roy's concept of New Humanism.
5. Explain Abul Kalam Azad's vision of Nation.
6. Analyse Ambedkar's views on Social Democracy and its need.
7. "Ram Manohar Lohia's Socialism was based on humanistic foundations which sacrificed the interests neither of the individual nor of the society". Discuss.
8. Examine Syed Ahmed Khan's attitude to Hindu-Muslim unity.
9. Give a brief sketch of Jawaharlal Nehru as the architect of modern India.
10. Assess the contributions of Periyar as a radical liberal thinker.
11. Account for Ambedkar's critical approach to caste system.
12. The concept of Total Revolution is a developed form of the philosophy of Sarvodaya. Explain.

(8 × 5 = 40 marks)

**Part B (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any two of the following questions.*

*Answers shall not exceed 500 words each.*

*Each question carries 20 marks.*

13. Assess the contributions of Raja Ram Mohan Roy to modern Indian Political Thought.
14. Discuss Sree Narayana Guru's views and ideas on Equality and Social Justice.
15. Critically examine Gandhian approach to Democracy.
16. Explain Bal Gangadhar Tilak's philosophy of Nationalism.

(2 × 20 = 40 marks)

**FIRST SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

(CCSS)

Political Science

POL 1C 01—POLITICAL ANALYSIS : APPROACHES AND TRENDS

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

**Part A (Short Essay Questions)***Answer any **eight** of the following not exceeding 150 words each.**Each question carries 5 marks.*

1. Discuss the strengths and limitations of normative political theory.
2. What do you mean by positivism ? Explain its key arguments.
3. Give an account of the input-output analysis of David Easton.
4. Examine the significance of Marxist political Analysis.
5. What are the major limitations of structuralism.
6. Comment on the major achievements of hermeneutics.
7. Bring out the contributions of Karl Dutch to Communication Theory.
8. Elucidate the credo of relevance of post behaviouralism.
9. Bring out the contributions of classical political theory.
10. Discuss the contribution of Derrida to Deconstruction.
11. Assess the contributions of Frederic Hayek to neoliberal notions of politics.
12. Give an account of the elitist conception of Democracy.

(8 × 5 = 40 marks)

**Part B (Essay Questions)***Answer any **two** of the following in about 500 words each.**Each question carries 20 marks.*

13. Discuss the nature and significance of critical theory in social science.
14. Critically examine the structural-functional analysis of Gabriel A Almond and its significance.
15. Attempt a comparative analysis of Liberal and Marxist conception of Democracy.
16. Discuss the major arguments and concerns of post structuralism.

(2 × 20 = 40 marks)

**FIRST SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

(CCSS)

Political Science

POL 1C 04—THEORIES AND CONCEPTS OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

(2016 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

**Part A (Short Essay Questions)**

*Answer any **eight** questions, each in not more than 150 words.  
Each question carries 5 marks.*

1. Explain the significance of Politics-Administration dichotomy in the development of Public Administration as a discipline.
2. Identify the challenges to comparative Public Administration.
3. Summarise the ecological approach to Public Administration.
4. Examine the relevance and limitations of Marxist approach to Public Administration.
5. Enumerate the characteristics of Development administration. Discuss the emerging dimensions of development administration.
6. Examine the concept of bounded rationality in decision making as propounded by Herbert A. Simon.
7. Comment on the operational dimensions of management by objectives.
8. Identify the major principles and characteristics of scientific management.
9. Compare and contrast the perspectives of first and second Minnow brook conferences.
10. What do you mean by participatory administration ? Examine its features.
11. Analyse State *vs.* Market debate in the context of the influence of globalisation on Public Administration.
12. Trace the features, merits and demerits of Public Choice Approach.

(8 × 5 = 40 marks)

**Turn over**

**Part B (Essay Questions)**

Answer any **two** questions, each in not more than 500 words.

*Each question carries 20 marks.*

13. Bring out the significance and characteristics of Development Administration.
14. Elaborate the various stages and experiments in Hawthorne studies. How do you evaluate their impact?
15. Critically examine the types and role of bureaucracy. State the cardinal features of Weberian bureaucracy.
16. Assess the future and scope of Public Administration in the contemporary global scenario and trend towards privatisation.

(2 × 20 = 40 marks)



**FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)  
EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

**(CBCSS)**

Political Science

POL 1C 04—THEORIES AND CONCEPTS OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

**General Instructions**

1. *In cases where choices are provided, students can attend **all** questions in each section.*
2. *The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section / Part shall remain the same.*
3. *There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.*

**Section A (Short Answer Questions)**

*Answer any **four** questions.  
Each question carries 2 weightage.*

1. Integral view of the scope of Public Administration.
2. Committed Bureaucracy.
3. "Great Illumination".
4. Historical Approach to the study of Public Administration.
5. New Public Administration.
6. Importance of the study of Public Administration.
7. Philosophical Approach.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

**Section B (Short Essay Questions)**

*Answer any **four** questions.  
Each question carries 3 weightage.*

8. Trace the significance of the Ecological Approach to the study of Public Administration.
9. Identify and explain the major challenges to Comparative Public Administration.
10. Discuss the new trends in Public Administration.

**Turn over**

11. Bring out the significance of bureaucracy in development administration.
12. Trace the impact of New Public Management on administration at global level.
13. Write a note on the role of higher bureaucracy in policy formulation.
14. Give an account of the nature and features of Public Choice Approach.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

### **Section C (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any two questions.*

*Each question carries 5 weightage.*

15. Discuss the contribution of Herbert A. Simon to Decision Making Theory.
16. Describe Taylorism and its impact on Manufacturing and Productive Sectors.
17. Compare and contrast Riggsian Models.
18. Bring out the characteristics of Weberian Bureaucracy. Identify the merits and demerits of bureaucracy.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

**FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)  
EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

**(CBCSS)**

Political Science

POL 1C 03—INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

**General Instructions**

1. *In cases where choices are provided, students can attend **all** questions in each section.*
2. *The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section / Part shall remain the same.*
3. *There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.*

**Section A (Short Answer Questions)**

*Answer any **four** of the following questions.  
Each question carries 2 weightage.*

1. Constituent Assembly of India.
2. Basic features of Federal State.
3. Doctrine of Basic structure of Indian Constitution.
4. Article 32 of Indian Constitution.
5. Judicial Activism.
6. Special protection to Minorities in India.
7. Co-operative Federalism.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

**Section B (Short Essay Questions)**

*Answer any **four** of the following questions.  
Each question carries 3 weightage.*

8. Bring out the significance of Seventy Third Constitutional Amendment Act.
9. Discuss the contributions of Indian Judiciary to social change.
10. Examine the socio-economic objectives of the Constitution of India as enshrined in the Preamble.

**Turn over**

11. Write a note on Judicial Reforms in India.
12. What is meant by Public Interest Litigation ? Bring out its merits and demerits.
13. Critically examine the Right to Freedom under Part III of Indian Constitution.
14. Comment on the Discourse on Reservations in India.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

### **Section C (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any two of the following questions.*

*Each question carries 5 weightage.*

15. Discuss Directive Principles of State Policy and its relevance in the age of Liberalisation and Privatisation.
16. Explain Golaknath Vs State of Punjab case and its significance in the constitutional history of India.
17. Critically examine center-state relations in Indian Federation.
18. Discuss the role of Panchayati Raj Institutions in rural development.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

**FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)  
EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

**(CBCSS)**

Political Science

POL 1C 02—MODERN INDIAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

**General Instructions**

1. *In cases where choices are provided, students can attend **all** questions in each section.*
2. *The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section / Part shall remain the same.*
3. *There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.*

**Section A (Short Answer Questions)**

*Answer any **four** of the following questions.  
Each question carries 2 weightage.*

1. Militant Nationalism.
2. Gandhi on Western Civilisation.
3. Raja Ram Mohan Roy's approach to Religion.
4. Concept of Sarvodaya.
5. Four Pillar State.
6. Vivekananda's concept of Freedom.
7. Idea of Organised Democracy.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

**Section B (Short Essay Questions)**

*Answer any **four** of the following questions.  
Each question carries 3 weightage.*

8. Give a brief description of Gokhale's Political Liberalism.
9. Explain the concept of Total Revolution.
10. Discuss Sree Narayana Guru's vision and mission of life.

**Turn over**

11. Comment on Ambedkar's critical approach to caste system.
12. 'M.N. Roy's New Humanism is cosmopolitan in its outlook'. Elucidate.
13. Outline the contributions of Lohia to modern Indian Political Thought.
14. Write a note on Gandhian Anarchism.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

**Section C (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any two of the following questions.*

*Each question carries 5 weightage.*

15. Discuss the contributions of Vivekananda to modern Indian social thought.
16. Explain Tilak's concept of Swaraj.
17. Critically examine Gandhian methods of political struggles.
18. Analyse Ambedkar's views and ideas on Democracy and the conditions for its success.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

**FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)  
EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020****(CBCSS)****Political Science****POL 1C 01—MODERN POLITICAL ANALYSIS AND POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY****(2019 Admissions)****Time : Three Hours****Maximum : 30 Weightage****General Instructions**

1. *In cases where choices are provided, students can attend **all** questions in each section.*
2. *The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section / Part shall remain the same.*
3. *There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.*

**Part A (Short Questions)***Answer any **four** questions.**Each question carries 2 weightage.*

1. Write a critical note on Michal's conception of Iron Law of Oligarchy.
2. Discuss Max Weber's categorisation of authority.
3. Bring out the linkage between Power and Authority.
4. Analyse the elitist conception of Democracy.
5. Discuss the Marxian approach to political analysis.
6. Bring out the features of Normative Approach.
7. Give an account of Lucian W Pye's conception of Political Development.

**(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)**

**Part B (Short Essay Questions)**

*Answer any **four** questions.*

*Each question carries 3 weightage..*

8. Elucidate the sociological approach of Max Weber.
9. Analyse the role of Media in the process of political socialisation.
10. Discuss Samuel P Huntington's view of political modernisation.
11. Explain the reasons for participation and non participation in politics according to Robert A Dahl.
12. Bring out the linkage between political modernisation and political development.
13. Explain the major postulates of Communication theory of Karl Deutsch.
14. Assess the value and significance Almond's structural functional approach in analysing political systems.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

**Part C (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any **two** questions.*

*Each question carries 5 weightages.*

15. Compare the Liberal and Marxist notions of democracy.
16. Elucidate the term political culture and examine the nature and dimension of political culture of developing countries.
17. Attempt a comparative analysis of the theory of Elites of Pareto and Mosca.
18. What do you mean by Post behavioural approach ? Elucidate the contributions of Post behaviouralists in the development of normative political analysis and political sociology.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)



**FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION  
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CUCSS)

Political Science

PS 1C 04—THEORIES AND CONCEPTS OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

(2016 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 36 Weightage

**Part A (Short Questions)**

*Answer all questions.*

*Each question carries 1 weightage.*

Write short answers :

1. Dichotomy of Public Administration.
2. POSDCORB.
3. New Public Management.
4. Digital Governance.
5. Development Administration.
6. Contingency Approach.
7. Bounded Rationality.
8. Prismatic Sala Model.
9. Scientific Management.
10. Administrative Culture.
11. Ideal Type of Bureaucracy.
12. Administrative Systems.
13. The Art of Public Administration.
14. Public Choice Approach.

(14 × 1 = 14 weightage)

**Part B (Short Essay Questions)**

*Answer any seven questions.*

*Each question carries 2 weightage.*

15. Discuss the importance of public administration in developing countries.
16. Elucidate the decision-making model propounded by Herbert Simon.
17. Make an assessment of the Structural-functional approach in analysing administrative systems.
18. Discuss the impact of scientific management movement in the development of administrative theory.
19. Summarise the major objectives and themes of discussion in the Second Minnow brook Conference.

**Turn over**

20. Discuss the different models of Bureaucracy.
21. Analyse the significance of Public- Private Partnership in Administration.
22. Give an account of the Administrative reforms movement.
23. Elucidate the major challenges of Comparative Public Administration.
24. Discuss the linkage between bureaucracy and development.

(7 × 2 = 14 weightage)

### **Part C (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any two questions.*

*Each question carries 4 weightage.*

25. Trace the evolution and development of Administrative theories.
26. Bring out the contributions of Max Webber to the Bureaucratic theory of Organisation.
27. What do you mean comparative Public Administration ? Explain its nature and scope.
28. Elucidate the contemporary approaches to the study of Public Administration. Explain its relative merits and demerits.

(2 × 4 = 8 weightage)

**FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION  
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CUCSS)

Political Science

PS1 C03—INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

(2016 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 36 Weightage

**Group A (Short Questions)**

*Answer all question*

*Each question carries 1 weightage.*

1. Basic characteristics of the Indian constitution
2. Structure of the Constitution of India
3. Constitution of the USSR and the Indian Constitution
4. Important powers of the Constitution of India.
5. Constitution of Ireland and the Constitution of India
6. Constitution of Canada and the Constitution of India
7. Brief account on the Constitution of India
8. Constitution of the U.S.A and the Indian Constitution
9. Indian Constitution and the Constitution of the United Kingdom
10. Directive principles of the state policy
11. Parliamentary form of government in India
12. Sources of the Indian Constitution.
13. Rigidity and flexibility in the Indian Constitution.
14. Secular character of the state in Indian Costitution

(14 × 1 = 14 weightage)

**Turn over**

**Group B (Short Essay Questions)**

*Answer any seven questions.*

*Each question carries 2 weightage.*

15. Explain the division of powers according to the Indian Constitution.
16. Discuss the changes brought in by the 42 Amendment of the Indian Constitution.
17. Elucidate the concept of Judicial Activism.
18. Critically examine the concept of Federalism.
19. Write a note on the case Maneka Gandhi vs Union of India.
20. Discuss the important aspects of the case A.K. Gopalan vs State of Madras.
21. Discuss the relevance of the Directive Principles of the State Policy.
22. Discuss the important aspects of secularism in India.
23. Critically discuss the rigidity of the Indian Constitution.
24. Write a note on the case Keshavananda Bharti vs. UOI.

(7 × 2 = 14 weightage)

**Group C (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any two questions.*

*Each question carries 4 weightage.*

25. Write a note on the important aspects of Constituent Assembly debates.
26. Explain the centre-state relations in India based on relevant examples in the contemporary period.
27. Examine the social and economic rights protection aspects of Indian Constitution.
28. Critically examine the role of Panchayathi Raj in promoting rural development.

(2 × 4 = 8 weightage)

**FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION  
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CUCSS)

Political Science

PS 1C 02—MODERN INDIAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

(2016 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 36 Weightage

*Answer all types of questions.*

**Part A (Short Questions)**

*Answer all question.*

*Each question carries 1 weightage.*

1. Sarvodaya.
2. Trusteeship.
3. Social Democracy.
4. Sree Narayana Gurus's views on Universalism.
5. Brahmo Samaj.
6. Hindu Nationalism.
7. Total Revolution.
8. Annihilation of Caste.
9. New Humanism.
10. Hind Swaraj.
11. Arya Samaj.
12. Militant Nationalism.
13. Communitarian Society.
14. Ambedkarism.

(14 × 1 = 14 weightage)

**Turn over**

**Part B (Short Essay Questions)**

*Answer any **seven** questions.*

*Each question carries 2 weightage.*

15. Analyse how Gokhale attempted to solve the conflict between actions of state and liberty of individual.
16. Discuss the characteristics of Indian Political Thought .
17. Critically examine the colonial and postcolonial orientations of Ram Mohan Roy's political philosophy.
18. "Ambedkar's notion of social justice was based on the concept of social democracy"—Discuss.
19. Make a critical assessment of Tilak's conception of Indian nationalism.
20. Estimate the achievements and impact of Bhoodan Movement.
21. Elucidate Gandhi's views on Decentralisation and Democracy.
22. Give an account of the contributions EMS Namboodiripad to Indian Marxism.
23. Give a critical assessment of the Lohia's Socialism.
24. Estimate Sree Narayana Guru's contribution to Secularism.

(7 × 2 = 14 weightage)

**Part C (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any **two** questions.*

*Each question carries 4 weightage.*

25. Elucidate the contributions of Raja Ram Mohan Roy to Indian Liberal Tradition.
26. Estimate the role of Swami Vivekananda in the political and spiritual revival of India.
27. Bring out Gandhi's critique of Modern Civilisation.
28. Critically examine M N Roy's Radical Humanism.

(2 × 4 = 8 weightage)

**FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION  
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CUCSS)

Political Science

PS 1C 01—MODERN POLITICAL ANALYSIS AND POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

(2016, Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 36 Weightage

**Part A (Short Questions)**

*Answer all questions.*

*Each question carries 1 weightage.*

1. Political Modernisation.
2. Charismatic Authority.
3. Features of Positivism.
4. Normative Political Analysis.
5. Prisoner's Dilemma.
6. Development Syndrome.
7. Latent Political Socialisation.
8. Civic Culture.
9. Social Capital.
10. Deliberative Democracy.
11. Capabilities of Political System.
12. Input-output Approach.
13. Political Communication.
14. Marxist Political Analysis.

(14 × 1 = 14 weightage)

**Part B (Short Essay Questions)**

*Answer any seven questions.*

*Each question carries 2 weightage.*

15. Discuss the linkage between political socialisation and political culture.
16. Asses the contributions of behavioural approach to the development of Political analysis and political sociology.
17. Elucidate the Structural-functional approach of Gabriel A Almond.
18. Critically examine WW Rostow's conception of political modernisation.
19. Examine the role of new media in the process of political socialisation.

**Turn over**

20. Explain the linkage between power and influence.
21. What is political development ? Examine various crises as identified by Lucian Pye.
22. Elucidate the application of Game Theory in Political Analysis.
23. Bring out the features of procedural and substantive democracy.
24. Discuss the features of Marxist approach to political analysis.

(7 × 2 = 14 weightage)

### **Part C (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any two questions.*

*Each question carries 4 weightage.*

25. Bring out the contributions of Karl Marx to the development of political Sociology.
26. Discuss the linkage between Power, Authority and Legitimacy.
27. Critically analyse the Gaetano Mosca's theory of the Ruling Class.
28. Explain Systems Analysis and assess its implication in Political Sociology and Political Analysis.

(2 × 4 = 8 weightage)



**M.A. (PREVIOUS) DEGREE [CBCSS] EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2020**

(PVT/SDE)

M.A. Political Science—First Semester

POL 1C 04—THEORIES AND CONCEPTS OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

**Part B**

## SECTION A (SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS)

*Answer any four questions.**Each question carries 2 weightage.*

1. Managerial view of the scope of Public Administration.
2. Good-Governance.
3. Neutral Bureaucracy.
4. Comparative Administration Group.
5. New Public Management.
6. Piece-rate system.
7. Developmental Approach.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

## SECTION B (SHORT ESSAY QUESTIONS)

*Answer any four questions.**Each question carries 3 weightage.*

8. Examine the characteristics and limitations of philosophical approach to the study of Public Administration.
9. Trace the influence of Minnow brook perspectives on Public Administration.
10. What do you mean by Prismatic Model of F.W. Riggs ? Give its characteristics.
11. How is development administration related to Comparative Public Administration ?
12. Trace the influence of globalisation on Public Administration.

**Turn over**

13. How does bureaucracy influence the development processes ?
14. Discuss the concept of bounded rationally in the decision-making theory of Herbert A Simon.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

SECTION C (ESSAY QUESTIONS)

*Answer any two questions.*

*Each question carries 5 weightage.*

15. Explain whether Public Administration is an Art or Science. Substantiate your views.
16. Elaborate the features and influence of Scientific Management Theory in Public Administration.
17. Explain the characteristics and types of bureaucracy.
18. Discuss the stages in the evolution of Public Administration as a discipline.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

**M.A. (PREVIOUS) DEGREE [CBCSS] EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2020**

(PVT/SDE)

M.A. Political Science—First Semester

POL 1C 04—THEORIES AND CONCEPTS OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

(2019 Admissions)

**Part A**

	DD	MM	YEAR		
Date of Examination :	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	FN/AN
Time : 15 Minutes	Total No. of Questions : 20				

**INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Write the Name, Register Number and the Date of Examination in the space provided.
4. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer book.
5. Candidate should handover this Question paper to the invigilator after 15 minutes and before receiving the question paper for Part B Examination.

## POL 1C 04—THEORIES AND CONCEPTS OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

## Part A

## Multiple Choice Questions :

1. Who is known as 'the father of local government' in India ?
  - (A) Lord Ripon.
  - (B) Mahatma Gandhi.
  - (C) Lord Cuning.
  - (D) Lord Wellesley.
2. The concept of 'bounded rationality' was given by ?
  - (A) Abraham Maslow.
  - (B) Herbert Simon.
  - (C) Marx Weber.
  - (D) F.W.Riggs.
3. The founder of Scientific Management School of thought was \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - (A) F.W. Taylor.
  - (B) Herber Simon.
  - (C) Pfiffner John.
  - (D) Mary Parker Follet.
4. The founding father of theory of Bureaucracy was :
  - (A) Herman Finer.
  - (B) La Palombra.
  - (C) Max Weber.
  - (D) Albert Lepawsky.
5. Who has analysed the leadership in terms of 'circular response' ?
  - (A) C. I. Barnard.
  - (B) M. P. Follett.
  - (C) Millet.
  - (D) Taylor.
6. Who rejected the principles of administration as 'myths' and 'proverbs' ?
  - (A) W. F. Willoughby.
  - (B) Herbert Simon.
  - (C) Chester Barnard.
  - (D) L. D. White.
7. Simon was positively influenced by ideas of \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - (A) Terry.
  - (B) Barnard.
  - (C) L. D. White.
  - (D) Henry Fayol.

8. Who among the following is an odd thinker ?
- (A) Taylor. (B) Maslow.  
(C) Herzberg. (D) Likert.
9. The economy cut motion seeks to reduce the proposed expenditure of a demand for grant by \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (A) Rupees one hundred. (B) Rupee one.  
(C) A specified amount. (D) An unspecified amount.
10. 'Position classification' is the classification of \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (A) Salaries. (B) Duties.  
(C) Departments. (D) Personal status of incumbents.
11. The British concept of Civil Service neutrality is laid down by \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (A) Fulton Committee.  
(B) Assheton Committee.  
(C) Masterman Committee  
(D) Northcote-Trevelyn Committee.
12. Which of the following is not an All India Service ?
- (A) Indian Foreign Service. (B) Indian Administrative Service.  
(C) Indian Forest Service. (D) Indian Police Service.
13. Ashok Mehta Committee recommended for the establishment of \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (A) Nagar Panchayat. (B) Panchayat Samiti.  
(C) Mandal Panchayat. (D) Gram Panchayat.
14. Which among of the following is not considered as part of the Civil Society ?
- (A) Non-Government Organisations. (B) Caste associations.  
(C) Legislature. (D) Family.

15. State Finance Commission is appointed by a State Government every five year to determine \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (A) Financial resources of the state for placing state's requirements before the Union Government.
  - (B) Development requirements of the state for formulating State Five Year Plan.
  - (C) Budgetary requirements of various departments of the State Government.
  - (D) Pattern of distribution of state's tax revenue between the State Government and local bodies (both rural and urban) and the pattern of grant-in-aid to local bodies.
16. Mayor-in-Council form of government means \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (A) Cabinet form of government at the municipal level.
  - (B) Classical prefectorial form of government at the municipal level.
  - (C) Making Mayor unaccountable to his colleagues.
  - (D) Presidential form of government at the municipal level.
17. According to 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act, the minimum age for contesting elections to the Panchayati Raj Institutions should be \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (A) 18 years.
  - (B) 23 years.
  - (C) 21 years.
  - (D) 25 years.
18. Eleventh Schedule of the Constitution relating to the Panchayats contains \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (A) 18 items.
  - (B) 28 items.
  - (C) 19 items.
  - (D) 29 items.
19. The 'Recall' provision to remove the elected office-bearers from the local self-government institution has been executed in \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (A) Bihar.
  - (B) Kerala.
  - (C) Madhya Pradesh.
  - (D) Haryana.
20. Under which of the Article of the Constitution of India did the District Planning Committee come into existence ?
- (A) 243 ZD.
  - (B) 243 ZE.
  - (C) 244 ZD.
  - (D) 242 ZD.

## M.A. (PREVIOUS) DEGREE [CBCSS] EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2020

(PVT/SDE)

M.A. Political Science—First Semester

POL 1C 03—INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

**Part B**

## SECTION A (SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS)

*Answer any four of the following questions.**Each question carries 2 weightage.*

1. The Preamble to the Constitution of India.
2. Judicial Activism.
3. Public Interest Litigation.
4. Seventy Fourth Constitutional Amendment Act.
5. Right to Equality.
6. Policy of Reservation in India.
7. Re : Kerala Education Bill Case.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

## SECTION B (SHORT ESSAY QUESTIONS)

*Answer any four of the following questions.**Each question carries 3 weightage.*

8. Comment on Secularism in India.
9. State and criticise Directive Principles of State Policy.
10. Discuss the peculiar features of Indian Federation.
11. Describe briefly the evolution of Panchayati Raj Institutions in India.

Turn over

12. Bring out the Constitutional significance of A. K. Gopalan Vs. State of Madras Case.
13. Discuss the positive and negative aspects of Judicial review power.
14. Make a critical evaluation of Fundamental Rights under Part III of Indian Constitution.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

SECTION C (ESSAY QUESTIONS)

*Answer any two questions.*

*Each question carries 5 weightage.*

15. Give an account of the making of Indian Constitution.
16. Explain Indira Sawhney Vs. Union of India Case and its significance.
17. Critically examine Centre-State Legislative Relations in Indian Federation.
18. Discuss the role of Indian Judiciary in Social Change.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)



**M.A. (PREVIOUS) DEGREE [CBCSS] EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2020**

(PVT/SDE)

M.A. Political Science—First Semester

POL 1C 03—INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

(2019 Admissions)

**Part A**

	DD	MM	YEAR					
Date of Examination :	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	FN/AN
Time : 15 Minutes	Total No. of Questions : 20							

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5. Candidate should handover this Question paper to the invigilator after 15 minutes and before receiving the question paper for Part B Examination.

## POL 1C 03—INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

## Part A

## Multiple Choice Questions :

1. In which among the following cases, the Supreme Court of India propounded the theory of basic structure of the Constitution ?
  - (A) Gopalan *vs.* State of Madras.
  - (B) Golak Nath.
  - (C) Keshvanand Bharati.
  - (D) Minerva Mills.
2. Which among the following are the three types of services envisaged in the Constitution of India ?
  - (A) Navy Service, Air force Service and Army Service.
  - (B) Civil Service, Military Service and Parliamentary Service.
  - (C) All-India services, Central services and State services.
  - (D) First Grade Service, Second Grade Service and Third Grade Services.
3. Elections in India for Parliament and State Legislatures are conducted by \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - (A) President.
  - (B) Prime Minister.
  - (C) Governor.
  - (D) Election Commission of India
4. The number of seats reserved for scheduled caste in the Lok sabha is :
  - (A) 59.
  - (B) 79.
  - (C) 89.
  - (D) 99.
5. Which among the following statements is/are false ?
  1. For qualifying to the Lok Sabha, a person must be a at least 25 years of age.
  2. A person can be a member of both Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha at the same time.
  3. A person belonging to Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe can contest elections from a general seat also, and not just with the reserved seat.
  4. If a member of either of the Houses votes against the directions given by his party, he can be deemed to be disqualified.

Code :

  - (A) Only 1.
  - (B) Only 2 and 4.
  - (C) Only 3.
  - (D) Only 2.
6. Which is the smallest Lok Sabha Constituency in General Elections by area ?
  - (A) Delhi Sadar.
  - (B) Mumbai South.
  - (C) Kolkata North West.
  - (D) Chandni Chowk, Delhi.

7. The impeachment of the President is carried by which one of the following ?
- (A) Attorney general. (B) Members of the legislative.  
(C) Parliament. (D) Prime Minister.
8. The Pressure groups are :
- (A) Political organisations. (B) Economic organisations.  
(C) Moral organisations. (D) Organisations of universal character.
9. Which of the following are known as Pressure Groups ?
- (A) Trade unions. (B) Caste groups.  
(C) Tribal organisations. (D) All the above.
10. Which of the following is not a method used by the pressure group for achieving its objectives ?
- (A) It finances political parties  
(B) It organises demonstrations  
(C) It clearly aligns with a political party.  
(D) It tries to influence policy makers.
11. Which of the following article deals with the composition of council of states (Rajya sabha) and the manner of election of its members ?
- (A) Article 82. (B) Article 81.  
(C) Article 90. (D) Article 80.
12. Who heads the Niti aayog as its chairperson ?
- (A) President of India. (B) Prime Minister.  
(C) Finance Minister. (D) Minister of planning.
13. NITI Aayog came into effect from ?
- (A) 1<sup>st</sup> March 2015. (B) 1<sup>st</sup> April 2015.  
(C) 1<sup>st</sup> January. (D) 25<sup>th</sup> December 2014.
14. Which one of the following is the CEO of Niti Aayog ?
- (A) Arvind Mayaram. (B) Rajiv Meharshi.  
(C) Amitabh Kant. (D) None.

15. Which of the following state was the first to establish Panchayati Raj Institutions ?
- (A) Rajasthan. (B) Andhra Pradesh.  
(C) West Bengal. (D) Gujarat.
16. Which of the following states have no panchayati raj institution at all ?
- (A) Nagaland. (B) Assam.  
(C) Kerala. (D) Tripura.
17. Which of the following are fundamental duties ?
- (A) Safeguarding public property.  
(B) Protecting the sovereignty, integrity and unity of India.  
(C) Developing scientific temper and humanism.  
(D) All the above.
18. Which of the following Articles contain the right to religious freedom ?
- (A) 25–28. (B) 29–30.  
(C) 32–35. (D) 23–24.
19. Which of the following is correct with respect to “Right against exploitation” ?
- (A) Prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour.  
(B) Freedom as to payment of taxes for the promotion of any particular religion.  
(C) Protection of interests of minorities.  
(D) Equality before law.
20. Which of the following are listed as a Directive Principle of State policy ?
- I. Freedom in the economic field for the interest of the consumer and producer.  
II. Regulation of economic system of the country to prevent concentration of wealth and means of production.  
III. To ensure decent standard of living and facilities of leisure for all workers.  
IV. To protect and improve the environment and to safeguard forests and wildlife.
- (A) (II) and (III). (B) (II), (III) and (IV).  
(C) (II), (IV). (D) (III), (IV).

**M.A. (PREVIOUS) DEGREE [CBCSS] EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2020**

(PVT/SDE)

M.A. Political Science—First Semester

POL 1C 02—MODERN INDIAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

**Part B**

## SECTION A (SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS)

*Answer any four of the following questions.  
Each question carries 2 weightage.*

1. Servants of India Society.
2. Spiritual Democracy.
3. Brahmo Samaj.
4. Trusteeship.
5. New Socialism.
6. Concept of Social Democracy.
7. Sree Narayana Guru's Secularism.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

## SECTION B (SHORT ESSAY QUESTIONS)

*Answer any four of the following questions.  
Each question carries 3 weightage.*

8. Explain M.N. Roy's New Humanism.
9. Examine Vivekananda's views on Religion.
10. Outline the contributions of Sree Narayana Guru to modernisation of Kerala Society.
11. Comment on Ambedkar as a social prophet of the Untouchables.
12. Make an evaluation of Gandhian techniques of Political Struggles.
13. Explain Gokhale's Political Liberalism.
14. Give a brief description of M.N. Roy's concept of Organised Democracy.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

Turn over

## SECTION C (ESSAY QUESTIONS)

*Answer any two of the following questions.*

*Each question carries 5 weightage.*

15. Discuss the contributions of Raja Ram Mohan Roy as a liberal political thinker.
16. 'Tilak made politics more practical and more action oriented by way of giving a new dimension and a new image to it.' Elucidate.
17. Critically examine Mahatma Gandhi's approach to western civilisation and modern state.
18. Explain Jayaprakash Narayan's concept of Total Revolution.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

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**M.A. (PREVIOUS) DEGREE [CBCSS] EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2020**

(PVT/SDE)

M.A. Political Science–First Semester

POL 1C 02—MODERN INDIAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

(2019 Admissions)

**Part A**

	DD		MM		YEAR					
Date of Examination :	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	FN/AN
	Time : 15 Minutes				Total No. of Questions : 20					

**INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

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## POL 1C 02—MODERN INDIAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

## Part A

## Multiple Choice Questions :

1. Gandhi described himself as a :
  - (A) Liberal.
  - (B) Socialist.
  - (C) Social Democrat.
  - (D) Philosophical Anarchist.
2. Who founded the 'Mexican Socialist Workers' Party' which was later named as 'Mexican Communist Party' ?
  - (A) Jayaprakash Narayan.
  - (B) B.R. Ambedkar.
  - (C) M.N. Roy.
  - (D) Lenin.
3. Who among the following regarded Buddhism as a moral and tolerant alternative to Marxism ?
  - (A) Ram Mohan Roy.
  - (B) Vivekananda.
  - (C) B.R. Ambedkar.
  - (D) M.N. Roy.
4. Name the political thinker who expounded liberal humanitarian nationalism :
  - (A) Tilak.
  - (B) Raja Ram Mohan Roy.
  - (C) Dr. Ambedkar.
  - (D) M.N. Roy.
5. Name the Philosopher who believed that religion constituted the centre of the whole of music of national life of India :
  - (A) Vivekananda.
  - (B) Gandhiji.
  - (C) Nehra.
  - (D) M.N. Roy.
6. Name the thinker who considered temples to be centre for purity and development :
  - (A) Lohia.
  - (B) M.N.Roy.
  - (C) Sree Narayan Guru.
  - (D) Nehru.
7. Name the Philosopher who wrote that all material property was a social trust :
  - (A) Lohia.
  - (B) Nehru.
  - (C) Gadhiji.
  - (D) Ambedkar.



8. Name the Philosopher who taught that Advaita philosophy becomes meaningless unless it teaches men to treat their fellowmen equals :
- (A) Sree Narayana Guru. (B) Vivekananda.  
(C) Raja Ram Mohan Roy. (D) Ambedkar.
9. Identify the Philosopher who remarked that "it is mockery to offer religion to a starving man" :
- (A) Gandhiji. (B) Tilak.  
(C) Ambedkar. (D) Vivekananda.
10. Who is the founder of nationalist press in India ?
- (A) Lohia. (B) M.K. Gandhi.  
(C) Raja Ram Mohan Roy. (D) Tilak.
11. Message of Sree Narayana Guru became the cardinal principal of modern :
- (A) Socialism. (B) Secularism.  
(C) Democracy. (D) Pluralism.
12. The Thesis 'National Dividend for India : A Historical and Analytical Study' belongs to :
- (A) Dadabhai Naoroji. (B) B.R. Ambedkar.  
(C) Ram Manohar Lohia. (D) M.N. Roy.
13. Identity the Philosopher who advocated the doctrine of Humanism and Universalism :
- (A) Syed Khan. (B) Jinnah.  
(C) Raja Ram Mohan Roy. (D) Tilak.
14. Gopal Krishna Gokhale :
- (A) Founded the servants of India Society.  
(B) Served as President of the Indian National Congress in 1907.  
(C) Started as a maths teacher and rose to the position of the principal of Ferguson College Pune.  
(D) All of the above.

15. Hitavada, the newspaper started by Gopal Krishna Gokhale in 1911 was initially published from :
- (A) Mumbai. (B) Pune.  
(C) Sholapur. (D) Nagpur.
16. The main basis of Tilak's nationalism ————.
- (A) Culture and religion. (B) Hindutva.  
(C) Extremism. (D) Anti-British feeling.
17. Which of the following social reformer propagated the concept of universal religion ?
- (A) Jyotirao Phule. (B) Raja Ram Mohan Roy.  
(C) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar. (D) Mahadev Govind Ranade.
18. Swaraj means :
- (A) Self-government. (B) Political self-government.  
(C) Government. (D) Local government.
19. Name the philosopher who believed that freedom is the keynote of spiritual life ?
- (A) Gopalakrishna Gokhale. (B) Nehru.  
(C) Ambedkar. (D) Vivekananda.
20. In which year Swami Vivekananda started his historic wandering through India ?
- (A) 1891. (B) 1869. .  
(C) 1886. (D) 1889.

**M.A. (PREVIOUS) DEGREE [CBCSS] EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2020**

(PVT/SDE)

M.A. Political Science–First Semester

POL 1C 01—MODERN POLITICAL ANALYSIS AND POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

**Part B**

## SECTION A (SHORT QUESTIONS)

*Answer any **four** questions.**Each question carries 2 weightage.*

1. Elucidate Pareto's conception of 'circulation of elites'
2. Bring out the intellectual background of Behaviouralism.
3. Give an account of David Easton's Black Box Model.
4. Examine the significance Game Theory in political analysis.
5. Describe Weber's classification of authority.
6. Explain the reasons for Political Apathy according to Robert A Dahl.
7. Discuss the 'Credo of Relevance' of Post Behaviouralism.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

## SECTION B (SHORT ESSAY QUESTIONS)

*Answer any **four** questions.**Each question carries 3 weightage.*

8. Explain the scope of Modern Political Analysis.
9. Assess the contributions of Max Weber to political sociology.
10. Elucidate Karl Deutsch's communication theory.
11. Assess the contributions of Robert Michaels to the development of Elite theory.

**Turn over**

12. What do you mean by political development ? Explain its relation with political modernisation.
13. Discuss the major features and achievement of Behavioural Approach.
14. Give an account of Almond's structural functional analysis.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

SECTION C (ESSAY QUESTIONS)

*Answer any two questions.*

*Each question carries 5 weightage.*

15. Bring out the contributions of Karl Marx to the growth and development of political sociology.
16. Examine the features and significance of David Easton's Input-Output approach.
17. Examine the question of fact-value dichotomy in Political Analysis and discuss its implications in terms of empirical and normative approaches to political theory.
18. Elucidate the concept of liberal democracy. Examine its justification offered by the elitist and pluralist theories of democracy.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

**B.A. (HONOURS) POLITICAL SCIENCE (FIRST) EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011  
TYPE,**

**B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE - First Semester**

**POL. II. 02 - CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL ANALYSIS AND POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY**

**(2011 Examination)**

**Part A**

	DAY	DATE	YEAR	
Place of Examination :	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Time : 15 Minutes</b>	<b>Total No. of Questions : 20</b>			

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## POL 1C 01—MODERN POLITICAL ANALYSIS AND POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

## Part A

## Multiple Choice Questions :

1. Duverger's classification of the party system is derived from the experience of political parties in :
  - (A) Western Europe.
  - (B) All the democracies of the world.
  - (C) Party system in the developing world.
  - (D) Political party system in the communist world.
2. Which one among the following is not a work about alienation ?
  - (A) Paris Manuscripts.
  - (B) Theses on Feuerbach.
  - (C) Poverty of Philosophy.
  - (D) The German Ideology.
3. Who among the following presents a 'flow model' of political system ?
  - (A) Gabriel Almond.
  - (B) David Easton.
  - (C) Morton Kaplan.
  - (D) Oran Young.
4. Almond borrowed most of the terminology of his approach from :
  - (A) Robert K. Merton.
  - (B) Talcott Parsons.
  - (C) Malinowski.
  - (D) Arthur Bentley.
5. Who among the following interpreted functionalism as an alternative approach to Marxism ?
  - (A) Paul F. Kress.
  - (B) Nicholson and Reynolds.
  - (C) W.G. Runciman.
  - (D) Morton Kaplan.
6. The characteristics of Almond's political system mostly resemble those of the political system(s) of :
  - (A) United States of America.
  - (B) Scandinavian countries.
  - (C) Developing countries.
  - (D) Latin American countries.
7. With which liberal thinker would you associate "Democratic Peace Theory" ?
  - (A) Michael Doyle.
  - (B) James Rosenau.
  - (C) Richard Falk.
  - (D) Michael Walzer.

8. Corporatism is an approach that is centrally concerned about :
- (A) Structures of the public sector.
  - (B) Functions of the political system.
  - (C) Class conflict is interest based.
  - (D) Stresses the state and society interactions, especially the role of social interests influencing policy.
9. Which one of the following writings is not written by Mao ?
- (A) On new Democracy.
  - (B) On Coalition Government.
  - (C) People's War.
  - (D) On People's Democratic Dictatorship.
10. Structural functionalism as a method was developed to study the politics of :
- (A) Advanced capitalism.
  - (B) Developed socialism.
  - (C) Modern totalitarianism.
  - (D) Politics of developing countries.
11. Who among the following identified the crises in political development on the basis of his study of England ?
- (A) A.F.K. Organski.
  - (B) Lucian W. Pye.
  - (C) Edward Shils.
  - (D) David Apter.
12. Montesquieu's theory of separation of powers emphasises primarily on :
- (A) Accountability.
  - (B) Efficiency.
  - (C) Transparency.
  - (D) Liberty.
13. The concept of power elite' is connected with :
- (A) Pareto.
  - (B) Mosca.
  - (C) Wright Mills.
  - (D) James Burham.
14. The exponents of elitist theory :
- (A) Believe in political equality.
  - (B) Believe in equality between ruler and ruled.
  - (C) Do not believe in equality between ruler and ruled.
  - (D) Believe in all the above three principles.

15. Which one of the followings has been wrongly listed as a feature of the Elitist theory of democracy ?
- (A) The positions of control and decision-making mechanism in the political system are always occupied by a small group of individuals.
  - (B) There is no competition and adjustment among the various elite groups existing in a society.
  - (C) The elite groups are well-organised.
  - (D) The elite group generally tries to protect its own interests.
16. The Pluralist theory of democracy is associated with :
- (A) Barelson.
  - (B) Sartori.
  - (C) Presthus.
  - (D) All the above three.
17. According to Tretschke the essence of the state is :
- (A) Consent.
  - (B) Morality.
  - (C) General Will.
  - (D) Force.
18. Authority is the right to :
- (A) Invoke tradition.
  - (B) Nationhood.
  - (C) Ruled.
  - (D) Delegate.
19. Who was the first proponent of scientific study of politics ?
- (A) Charles Merriam.
  - (B) Harold D Lasswell.
  - (C) George Catlin.
  - (D) Arthur Bentley.
20. The strong demands of Post behavtouralists are :
- (A) Pure science.
  - (B) Relevance and action.
  - (C) Value.
  - (D) None of these.